San Francisco.

RUPTURE!

arkable Cure of an Enormous Rup
ture of 22 Years' Standing, by
the Use of Dr. Marsh's
Patent Truss.

d the following Letter from Mr.
Jacob Fatz, who was Cured
in Nine Months.

SAN FRANCISCO June 3, 1871.
ARSH S TURSS COMPANY—GENTS: THIS
to certify that I have worn Dr. Marsh's Patent
for nearly nine months, and have been entirely
URED of a very large, painful and
ore of twenty two years' standing. My
ed in size almost any child's head, but now I
and stronger than I have been for many years,
perfectly safe to do any laborious or hard work.
y truly yours,
JACOB FATZ, 605 Pacific street.

S N MARSH S PATENT RADICAL CURE
68, and all other kinds of Trusses. Shoulder Braces,
porters, Elastic Stockings, Suspensory Bandages,
erations for Deformities accurately fitted at the MARSH TRUSS
Montgomery street, corner of Clay
isco.
strated pamphlets free to any one upon application.
je17d4p3mw2m

N. W. SPAULDING,
...Smithing & Repairing
ESTABLISHMENT,
19 Fremont St., between Front
and Battery,
SAN FRANCISCO.
W. SPAULDING'S PATENT PARALLEL
ED IN CIRCULAR SAWS.
PAIRING, in all its branches,
orshing, Sharpening, &c.
ULAR SAWS of all sizes,
y, Gang, Buck, Butcher, Hand Mill
ler with a good assortment of Saw
arket rate.
Re-Sharpened PLANER KNIVES and MOU
on hand, or made to order.
PE, BURNER
Proprietor Or
Send three 3c stamps for circulars and
orse sent there on trial by express, if
rates as if sent to me.

P. LIESENFELD'S
LIARD TABLE MANUFACTORY
NTH MARKET STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.
Sole Agent
For the Pacific Coast

NIELAN & COLLENDER,
DESIGN BY TABLE
the EUREKA
1871, and
UNRIVALLED
14, 15, 16, 1872.

UNDERTAKERS,
AND CARRIAGE MAKERS,
OLD COMPANY'S
& PIG IRON.—Bar
in Oil with
and 415 Pacific st., 420 East Street
and Pacific, San Francisco.

L. P. FISHER,
DVERTISING AGENT
Stephen Ghed
have always
to be the
and the
to
advertising in daily
experience having taught me
in said coast, as by
before the public it has secured
would if so lost."
ADVERTISE YOUR BUSIN
MAP YOUR NAME BEFORE THE PEO
ICIOUS ADVERTISING INSURES A
IF BUSINESS IS DULL, ADV
IF BUSINESS IS BRISK, ADV
The one who didn't believe in
into partnership with the
the advertising.

New York.

Merchant st., San Francisco.

J. M. KEELER & CO.,
PACIFIC COAST
ommission Agents
Buying and Forwarding from New York
Lothrop, Pac. R.R. and Oil Horn.
LL KINDS OF MINING AND
And for the sale of
PRODUCTS FROM THE PACIFIC COAST.
New York, N. Y. Box
Jas. L. Brown & Bro.
Bankers of N. Y.
TO ADVERTISERS
LL PERSONS WHO CONTEMPLATE ADVERTISING
business with newspapers for the
advertisements should send to
(Geo. P. Rowell & Co.)
Circular, or inclose 25 cents for their One
Hundred Page Pamphlet, containing
lists of Newspapers and estimates,
also many useful hints to
unt of the experiences of men who have
ccessful Advertisers
of the American Newspaper Advertising Agency
41 Park Row, N.Y.

U. S. Marshal's Sale
BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION issued
of the Circuit Court of the United States
rict of Oregon to me directed, in favor of
A. & Co., of San Francisco, California, and
inst and M. Richards for the sum of Two
Hundred and Seventy two 90-100 Dollars
interest and costs. I did, on the 6th day of
levy the same upon all of said M. Richards'
in and to the following described real property
the South half (S½) of Lot numbered Three
k numbered One Hundred and Forty-six (146)
Now,
the 7th day
ne of said Execution, in Monday, the 7th day of
at the hour of two o'clock P. M. of said day I
Ft. H. one door in said City of Portland, I will
right, title and interest of said M. Richards
the above described property at Public Auction
highest bidder therefor, for cash in U. S.
excess to satisfy said execution and costs.
THOMAS O. YOUNG,
Marshal of the United States
for the District of Oregon.
P. RICHARDSON, Au tioneer.

ELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXP
HAVING ESTABLISHED OFFICES IN ALL
of Oregon, Washington and Idaho Territories
Prepared to do a General Express and Mo
Packages will be called for in
cities in all its branches
(by giving proper notice) and forwarded
patch to any part of the world through our
connecting Express, at Greatly Reduced Rates.
COLLECTIONS MADE, and Commissions for
Goods &c., &c., will receive prompt attention.
We shall continue to DRAW EXCHANGE on
the principal cities of the United States, the
Europe, and to Sell THROUGH RATES
when desired.

Morning Oregonian.

VOL XIII. PORTLAND, OREGON TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 24, 1873. NO. 0

The Daily Oregonian.

PUBLISHED BY

THE OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO.

EVERY MORNING THE OREGONIAN is published at [illegible] Sunday, and delivered by carriers to [illegible] at 25 cents a week. Single [illegible] 10 cents. By Mail or Express, to any part [illegible] at $10 per annum in advance; [illegible] parts, $5 for three months, $2 for six months, at liberal rates.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the best matter in the Daily, will be published every [illegible] morning, and forwarded by Mail to any part [illegible] at $3 per annum, $2 for six months, and $1 for three months, in advance.

The figures printed at the end of the time for which [illegible] paid. Subscribers should renew at least two [illegible] the date printed upon the address label.

AGENCY—Front and Stark streets.

AGENT—L. P. FISHER, Rooms 20 and 21, Merchants Exchange, California street.

Professional Cards.

DR. B. PILKINGTON M. D.
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, CORNER FIRST AND WASHINGTON STREETS.
HOURS 10 12—3 to 4, and 7 to 8 P. M.

DR. C. ROSENK,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,
Office, Bet. OAK AND PINE.

DR. MARY A. THOMSON,
PHYSICIAN AND ACCOUCHEUR,
OFFICE [illegible] st, between Salmon
[illegible] the Public Square. Calls attended
[illegible] Residence [illegible] for Private and Instruc-
tion in the use of Electricity as a Remedial Agent.

New Cards.

[illegible] BANYON street.

[illegible] & SCOTT,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW
[illegible] ST. ROOM NO. 3—PORTLAND.

[illegible] st, the O. K. Hotel No. 1.

GEORGE B. WALDO,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
[illegible] N. W. Washington
[illegible] daw

[illegible] THOMPSON,
BURRIAN & THOMPSON,
Attorneys-at-Law,
[illegible] Oriental Hotel,
[illegible] dawtf

[illegible] & KELLIN:
Attorneys-at-Law,
[illegible] BUILDING, N. W. cor. Wash-
[illegible] and Second sts.

[illegible] CHENOWETH,
Attorney-at-Law,
[illegible] yesterday's
[illegible] street.

W. M. EFFINGER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
[illegible] Second street.

[illegible] & ZIMMERMAN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
[illegible] BUILDING, Bet. Second
[illegible] and Stark sts.

[illegible] TOWNER,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
[illegible] Bet. 3 and 4.

Business Cards.

OREGON
LIVERY & HACK STABLE
[illegible] Street.
THE FINEST STOCK IN THE CITY.
[illegible] BOARDED AT
REASONABLE RATES.
HACKS FOR FUNERALS FURNISHED TO ORDER.

J. H. FISK,
Undertaker and Metallurgist.
No 29 Stark st., bet. First and Second.
HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR GOLD DUST & BARS.
Assays made with care, and Alloys of Gold and Silver
[illegible] Lead, Antimony, Nickel, Chrome, Plumba-
go, Tin, Iron, Chromeber, Lime and other metals Analyzed
and Mineral Waters and all other substances.

L. THERKELSEN,
Carpenter & Builder,
SHOP—3rd St., bet. Fourth and Fifth
RESIDENCE Cor. Fourth and Alder Streets.

KRUMBEIN & GILBERT
ARCHITECTS AND DRAUGHTSMEN
[illegible] 28-29 BUILDING,
[illegible] st., bet. 1st & 2d sts.,
PORTLAND, OREGON

A. COODNOUGH,
Contractor & Builder,
[illegible] FRONT STREET, BET. B AND C.

OTTO TREUER,
No. 1 North Front Street.
WINES AND LIQUORS, AND MAN-
[illegible] Syrups, Cordials, Bitters, etc
[illegible] for John Wolland's Philadelphia Brewery,
[illegible] by the Keg or Bottle
[illegible] to any part of the city. a23dtf

S. SEYMOUR, BROWN,
NOTARY PUBLIC
[illegible] STARK STREET, BET. FIRST AND SECOND
Real Estate Bought and Sold and Legal
Papers Executed.
DOUBLE and SINGLE BLOCKS and LOTS for sale in
Caruth's Addition, Terms easy

J. [illegible] SMITH,
78 Front Street.
Saddlery Hardware,
Saddles, Bridles,
WHIPS AND HARNESS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
SOLE AGENT FOR GUTTA PERCHA AND RUBBER
CARBOLIZED HOSE, which is for sale at San Fran-
cisco prices with freight added.
REPAIRING promptly attended to.

SUGARS!
The BARKENTINE JANE A FALKINBURG, FROM
Manila direct,
2,000 kegs Sugars. Assorted Grades,
Which we offer at reduced rates
ALLEN & LEWIS

BURTON & WILLIAMS,
COMMISSION & SUPERINTENDENT
AGENCY. No. 17,
DRUM'S BUILDING.

River Steamers.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
STEAMBOATS.
NOTICE.
[illegible] AND AFTER THURSDAY
May 1st, the steamer
E. N. COOKE
Will LEAVE OREGON CITY on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday at 8:30 A. M., and on Wednesday and Saturday at 10 A. M.—connecting with steamer DAYTON through to Portland. Returning, will LEAVE
Portland for Oregon City at 4 P. M.
Passengers for LAFAYETTE and all intermediate places will take CARS at 8:15 A. M., connecting at Canemah with steamer Dayton on Tuesday and Friday
THROUGH TICKETS sold at the office of the O. & C. R. R. Co. at REDUCED RATES.
All Freight by this line delivered to consignees FREE OF DRAYAGE
Freight received until 5 P. M.
J. D. BILES, Agent

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S
NOTICE!
[illegible] BOATS OF THE COMPANY WILL
[illegible] leave Portland as follows:
FOR DAYTON—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock A. M.
FOR WALLULA—Monday and Friday at 5 A. M.
FOR KALAMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock A. M.
FOR MONTICELLO, WESTPORT and CATHLAMET—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.
FOR ASTORIA Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M.
J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

W. R. T. Co's
STEAMER
GOV. GROVER!
WILL LEAVE FLANDER'S WHARF EVERY
Monday and Thursday Morning
At 6 o'clock,
FOR ORCAS, [illegible]
AND INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS.
Freight and Passage at REDUCED RATES. No wharfage or brokerage.
B. GOLDSMITH, Pres't

W. R. T. Co's Notice.
From and after this date
THE STEAMER "VANCOUVER"
WILL CONNECT WITH THE "GOV. GROVER" at ALBANY, and carry freight and passengers to all points between Albany and Harrisburg.
B. GOLDSMITH, Pres't W. R. T. Co.

STEAMER CALLIOPE
For the Lower Columbia Trade!
THE STEAMER CALLIOPE will leave the American Exchange Wharf every Monday and Thursday Morning at 7 o'clock, for the [illegible] Columbia, touching at all way landings; returning Wednesdays and Saturdays. For freight or passage apply on board. m14

Vancouver and Portland Packet!
THE STEAMER CARLIE, J. C. HINDSLEY, Master, will make DAILY trips between Vancouver and Portland, Sundays excepted.
Leave Vancouver at 8 A. M., returning, leave Portland at 3 P. M., foot of Alder street.
For freight or passage apply on board.

Railroads.

OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. CO.
DAILY TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG
As follows:

LEAVE	ARRIVE
Portland ..... 8:15 A.M.	Roseburg ..... 7 15 P.M.
Roseburg ..... 8:15 A. M.	Portland ..... 4 20 P.M.

Freight Trains (with Passenger Car attached) run daily (Sunday excepted) between

PORTLAND AND JUNCTION
as follows:

LEAVE	ARRIVE
Portland ..... 6:06 A.M.	Junction ..... 6 00 P.M.
Junction ..... 6:00 A.M.	Portland ..... 5 45 P.M.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.
Tickets for sale to all the principal points in Oregon, California and the East at Company's Office.
Cor. Front and Front sts., at the Ferry Landing, Portland.
Baggage will be checked on all freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.
FREIGHT will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock, P. M.
J. C. HILDRETH, Gen'l Supt.
E. P. ROGERS,
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

THE OREGON CENTRAL R. R. CO.
WILL, ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 5, 1873, and until further notice, run FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAINS from
PORTLAND TO ST. JOSEPH,
Connecting at Cornelius with Stages for Forest Grove; at St. Joseph for all points South and West—Lafayette, McMinnville, Amity, Monmouth, Independence, Buena Vista and Corvallis.

LEAVE	ARRIVE
Portland ..... 8 00 A M	St. Joseph ..... 11 00 A M.
St. Joseph ..... 11 30 A. M.	Portland ..... 2:30 P M.

On SUNDAYS trains will run as follows:

LEAVE	ARRIVE
Portland ..... 8.00 A. M	St. Joseph ..... 11 00 A M.
St. Joseph ..... 2 00 P M	Portland ..... 5 00 P M.

Passenger depot located at Fourth street siding on signaling the train
Freight received at the Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, and will not be received for shipment after 5 P M
H. THIELSEN, Gen'l Sup't.
J. GASTON, Freight and Passenger Agent

Notice.
OREGON AND CALIFORNIA R. R.
A DAILY SPECIAL EXPRESS TRAIN WILL COMMENCE running on SUNDAY, JUNE 8, 1873, between SALEM and PORTLAND, stopping at Milwaukee, Oregon City, Aurora and Gervais
Time as Follows:

LEAVE.	ARRIVE
Salem ..... 6 15 A. M.	Portland ..... 9 45 A M
Portland ..... 4 45 P. M	Salem ..... 7 15 P M

J. C. HILDRETH, Gen'l Supt

THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.
The Great Central Iowa Short Line
OVERLAND ROUTE,
With its Connections East and West, is the
Shortest, Quickest and Best Route
BETWEEN THE
Pacific and Atlantic,
VIA
Des Moines, Rock Island and Chicago.
THE ONLY ROUTE CARRYING THE THROUGH OVERLAND LETTER MAILS making close and reliable connections at OMAHA with trains arriving from the West by
THE CENTRAL AND UNION PACIFIC RAILROADS, AND AT CHICAGO
With all EAST EXPRESS TRAINS East, North & South.
The most Elegantly Furnished PARLOR SLEEPING CARS ever used on any Railroad are now built, owned, and run by this Co between Omaha and Chicago.
Through Tickets to all points East can be obtained at OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R OFFICE, Portland, Oregon,
And at C. P. R. R. offices in San Francisco and Sacramento.
Be Sure Your Tickets Read via Rock Island.
A. M. SMITH,
General Passenger Agent, Chicago.
HUGH RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't, Chicago
WM. R. STEKER, Passenger Agent, San Francisco

Banks.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF PORTLAND.
DESIGNATED DEPOSITARY AND FINANCIAL AGENT, U. S.

President ...	HENRY FAILING.
Cashier ...	JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY, subject to check at sight
INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities.
SIGHT EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS; payable in Coin or Currency, for sale on

NEW YORK,	SAN FRANCISCO,
CHICAGO,	ST. LOUIS

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on

LONDON,	PARIS,
BERLIN,	FRANKFORT ON THE MAIN.

Savings! Savings!
FIRST
NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND.
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.
THIS BANK HAS ESTABLISHED IN CONNEXION with the general Banking business a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT, and will allow Interest on Coin Deposits made in accordance with the conditions adopted by the Association.
In establishing a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT this Banking Association has in view the benefits to accrue to a class of persons having small sums to loan, by providing a safe place of deposit, ample security and fair rate of interest, as well as to aggregate and bring into use idle capital.
For the safety of deposits in this Bank are pledged its entire capital and resources, and also the personal liability of its Directors and Stockholders, as provided by Section 12 of the National Currency Act, approved June 3, 1864, a greater security than that given by ordinary Savings Banks. Printed copies of the conditions upon which deposits are received may be had upon application at the Bank.
HENRY FAILING, President.
JAMES STEEL, Cashier.
Directors:
HENRY FAILING, HENRY W. CORBETT,
L. H. WAKEFIELD, JOSIAH FAILING,
JAMES STEEL.

THE BANK
OF
BRITISH COLUMBIA
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital.....$1,562,500.
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE 6 EAST INDIA AVENUE, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.
BRANCHES
IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, NEW COLUMBIA, SAN FRANCISCO and PORTLAND.
AGENCIES,
IN NEW YORK, CANADA SCOTLAND & IRELAND.
Exchange for sale on
England, Ireland, Scotland, New York & Oregon.
INTEREST ALLOWED on TIME DEPOSITS at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.
Approved Bills discounted or Bullion advanced on available collaterals.
EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

LADD & TILTON,
BANKERS,
DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCOUNTS KEPT subject to Check or Draft.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.
Three months in use of One Hundred and upwards from Date of Deposit.
MONEY LOANED on approved Security.
BONDS, STOCKS and other valuables received on Deposit for safe keeping.
COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.
INVESTMENTS in Real Estate and other property made for parties.
SIGHT and Telegraphic Exchange on San Francisco and the Atlantic States for sale.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES bought and sold
AGENTS for the transaction of all kinds of Financial and Trust Business.

Markets.

CHAS. SCOTT
INVITES HIS OLD PATRONS AND THE PUBLIC generally to call at his
NEW BUTCHER SHOP,
Washington St., one door east of Third

Portland Market.
E. H. CARLING,
SECOND STREET, COR. MORRISON,
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON hand the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the City Free of Charge. Also, KOSHER BEEF, VEAL and MUTTON.

HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL.
CORBETT FAILING & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
HENRY FAILING AND H. W. CORBETT &
IMPORTERS OF AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
HARDWARE,
CUTLERY,
MECHANICS' TOOLS,
IRON and STEEL,
ROPE, ETC., ETC.
Agents for the Sale of
DUPONT'S GUNPOWDER.
Nos. 53 & 55 Front St.,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

JOHN R. FOSTER
CORNER FRONT AND STARK STS.,
DEALER IN
Howe's Platform & Counter Scales,
THE BEST IN USE.
SHELF AND BUILDERS' HARDWARE
MECHANICS' TOOLS,
TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,
MINERS' GOODS,
NAILS, ROPE, SHOVELS, ANVILS AXES, ETC., ETC.
All of which is offered at Lowest Rates
He invites buyers to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere
Would invite particular attention of buyers of Builders Hardware and House Trimmings, either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

AT SAN FRANCISCO COST!
DOORS, WINDOWS AND BLINDS!
OF ALL SIZES
Call and See our Stock.
EVERDING & FARRELL
150 Front street

THE TERRITORIES.

The weather is unprecedented hot in Salt Lake City.

Rattlesnakes are disagreeably numerous in the vicinity of Corinne, Utah.

It costs the adult Mormon emigrants from Liverpool to Salt Lake City, $90.

Salt Lake City newspapers oppose the crusade against liquor saloons.

Mrs. Martha Grainger, wife of Chas. Grainger, died at Olympia last Saturday.

Prof. McFadden lectured at Steilacoom on the 15th inst. He proceeded to Seattle the following day.

A fair for the orphan children in care of the Sisters of Charity was given at Tacoma on the 19th inst.

A sojourner by the name of Brown died on the 11th inst., at Father Pitner's in Rhicanat valley near Goldendale.

Several fine strawberry fields on the Columbia river are under water, and large quantities of the fruit are destroyed.

Twenty men are engaged in cutting stone and digging out for the foundation of the new Penitentiary at Steilacoom.

The young ladies of Salt Lake City, who have pretty feet, are said to be expert devotees of Presbyterian billiards, or croquet.

Theo. Burminster, Esq., a well known attorney of this city, has removed to Salt Lake City, where he is practicing his profession.

Walla Walla Valley has had more rain this spring than during any corresponding period since its first settlement by the whites.

The Utah Northern Railroad is moving Montanaward with goodly speed. Trains are running across Bear river from Corinne to Logan.

Some parts of the country between Walla Walla and Colville are said to present a veritable scene of desolation, owing to the ravages of the crickets.

The Chinaman Long You, who escaped from jail at Walla Walla last week, has been recaptured, and if he stays captured till July 11th, will probably be hanged.

Judge Lewis has returned from holding court at Colville, having decided all the civil cases on the docket, sentenced two criminals to the penitentiary, and heard the trial of some who were discharged.

The Legislature of Montana has passed the North and South Railroad bill over the Governor's veto. The next thing in order is the submission of the question to a popular vote; and in the meantime politics in the Territory will be subordinate to the one great issue of "Rail or no Rail."

Brigham Young is building a magnificent residence at Salt Lake City for his last affinity, and they say he really intends to board with her and not take any more; but it's a little uncertain about that, for Mayor Wells is about ready to die, and he nipped a tender bud of sixteen summers the other day.

A man named Donahue at Boise City recently, in trying to shoot another named Zap, made a very serious blunder and came near killing Nathan West, a very good and respectable man. The ball from Donahue's pistol passed through West's leg, and a chair has since passed around Donahue's leg, and still he's not happy.

The Seattle *Intelligencer* has been to hear Cheney, and has come away disgusted with the horse-sense of his effort to undermine the authority and ignore the teachings of the Scriptures, "while it is persuaded that" his claim to prove that such a man as Jesus Christ never existed on the earth caps the climax of historical absurdity.

Rival Companies

We find an article under the above caption in the *Farmer*, from which we clip the following:

It is not unusual for a railroad or steamboat company to set apart at the close of each business year a certain per cent. of the net profits, as a fund to be drawn upon for the purpose of meeting running expenses when, in order to drive out a competing company, the freight charges have been reduced below living rates. This has more than once been done in Oregon; and the producers of the country have had occasion to remember that when the weaker organization has been driven off the water, that the farmer has afterwards been compelled to pay an increase of freight charges beyond even the old, oppressive rates, until the amount thus drawn from the reserve fund was restored by the sweat and toil of the husbandman. Mr. Holladay, as the controlling power of the old line of boats as well as the Oregon and California Railroad, reduced river charges to $1 per ton from any point on the river to Portland. This reduction of freight charges so much below what any company could possibly be warranted in adopting as a paying business, was supposed to be justified by past experience, which induced Mr. Holladay to believe the farmers would, as heretofore, always give their freights to the boat that would carry for the lowest sum, and Mr. Holladay had no doubt that this stroke of policy would give the *coup de grace* to the Willamette Transportation Company. But this was a great mistake into which he was led by imagining that the farmers were not as able as he was to learn from experience. The freighting season had approached perhaps its last quarter, and there yet remained a large amount of produce to be conveyed to market. And the farmers, remembering the former exactions to which they had been subjected, very naturally believed that to be thus led to give their business to the old line of boats, instead of the new one which had recently relieved them, would be re-enacting an old folly that would in a brief space place them once more in the hands of a monopoly that had fattened and bloated upon the proceeds of their toil. And the sum of the result was that the great bulk of the freight remaining for shipment being carried by the Willamette Transportation Company, Mr. Holladay restored the former charges of the Company he represents.

It is plain to see that had the farmers allowed themselves and business to be drawn into the old boats, the consequences would soon be seen to be most disastrous to all their agricultural interests. How does the sowing of crops that grow and ripen in the alternate showers and sunshine of the season's most delectable influences, benefit and bless the farmer when capital is so massed as to absolutely bar his way to market?

But even before the new company's boats were launched, it was stated in a thousand forms that the recent organization had neither the moral support of friends nor the material aid of capital, and that its existence must necessarily be brief. But time has demonstrated that it had both friends and capital, and time will in like manner demonstrate that the existence will not be brief, and that it will continue to pay its debts as they mature, while those of its rival will be most vexatiously delayed to the great detriment of employees and stockholders.

Finally, when the Willamette Transportation Company launched a first class boat and reduced the freight charges at least one-half, an individual went through the country seeking to intimidate the farmers by telling them that if they gave their business to the new company they would be charged double rates as soon as Mr Holladay had crushed his rival. This menace was tried also upon leading shippers. But the threat of invidious discrimination failed of its object. No impression was made upon either the original produce or upon the shippers as such, because it was seen that the river must always afford the cheapest highway to market, that the railroad can never compete with it in this respect, and that any policy that would deprive the farmer of cheaper method is to the last degree ruinous.

LATEST NEWS ITEMS

Price, the correspondent of the New York *Herald*, was liberated from Havana on the 12th inst.

The Duluth *Herald* wants the Shah of Persia to come out to the Zenith, and bring his harem with him. The *Tribune* thinks the *Herald* man must have some ulterior object in view.

A Washington special says ex President Johnson proposes to run for Governor of Tennessee this fall, and has hopes of his election with the promotion to the United States Senate to follow.

A majority of the Finance Committee of the Cortes are in favor of abolishing the law granting pensions to members of the Cabinet and placing them upon the same footing with other functionaries.

It is stated that the Navy Department has purchased the British steamer *Tigress* for the *Polaris* search expedition. She is the well known sealer that picked up and rescued a portion of the crew of the *Polaris*.

The boiler in Queen's Flint Factory, Rahway, New Jersey, exploded June 16th, demolishing the factory, a four story brick building, fatally injuring R. Seofield and Frank Weiss, and seriously injuring two others.

The Attorney General has decided that the resignation of Cornell, Surveyor of the port of New York, took effect on the first of January last, and not on the day of the appointment of his successor. This decision is believed to deprive Cornell of his moiety from the famous Phelps-Dodge case, amounting to $32,000.

Dr. Mary E Walker secured no pension. Her demand was grounded on weak eyes, but it was shown that they never weakened in the face of the enemy. She had excellent eyes throughout the war, and the authorities concluded that if they had weakened since, they had done it on their own responsibility in their earnest look out for a husband.

A plan for remodeling the judicial system of the State is before the Ohio Constitutional Convention. It abolishes the District Courts, and provides for a Superior Court, a Circuit Court, Common Pleas, Probate, and Justices of the Peace Courts. The Superior Court is to consist of ten judges, to hold its sittings in the cities of Cincinnati, Columbus and Cleveland. The Circuit Supreme Court is to be presided over by judges from the Supreme bench.

Mrs. Jane Ward, wife of the ex-assistant superintendent of Greenwood cemetery, brought suit in the city court of Brooklyn, Tuesday, to recover $5,000 damages from Gen. Genigo, superintendent of the cemetery, the value of the lot being a kiss stolen by defendant. The fair female made no complaint until her husband had lost his situation in the cemetery. The defendant, an aged widower, denied the soft impeachment, and the jury gave a verdict in his favor.

Candidates for the Democratic nomination for Governor of Ohio are multiplying. Among those mentioned are Gen. Ewing, Gen. George W. Morgan, Gen. S. F. Cary, Gen. Durbin Ward, Col. Len. Harris, Col. Lewis Campbell, and Col. Frank McKinney. For the same position the Liberal Republicans offer the Hon. Fred Hassaurek, John W. Sohn, Brinkerhoff, Rush R. Sloane, and John Dunbar. At the present time Gen. Ewing's chances are thought to be the best.

General W. T. Palmer, who is associated with General Rosecrans in the Mexican railway project, passed through New Orleans June 18th, en route for New York. He came the first from the city of Mexico overland, and states all quiet on the route. The McKenzie raid failed to excite any interest among the people in the neighboring towns. The Mexican Congress has provision to adjournment, May 31st, passed the railroad project to a second reading. All private business were decided in favor of the petitioners.

Daly, Ubsdell, Dion, Dailey and Garnier are the players to take part in the International Billiard Tournament—were present at the meeting to make final arrangements. The tournament is to be given Monday evening, June 23d, by a game of three ball carrom, 300 points, between Cyrille Dion and John Deery, in which Maurice Daly and Francis Ubassy will play. The winner of the cup must play a game of 600 points every sixty days until February, 1875; if challenged for $1,000 and the cup, and if still winner, he is to be declared champion of the world.

A very sensitive body is the lower house of the Connecticut Legislature. Numerous copies of a newspaper containing an article which spoke in a most disrespectful way of one of the committees having been circulated among members, a resolution was passed unanimously disallowing the pages to distribute no documents of any kind in the House until the one had been pronounced proper for the perusal of the members by the Speaker. It is a wonder the shed covers didn't restrict themselves from reading the offending newspaper for all time to come. It would not have been a bit more silly.

The Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company will to-morrow, 13th inst., apply to Judge Dillon, now holding the United States Circuit Court at Davenport, Iowa, for an injunction to restrain Governor Woodson, of that State, from advertising the Missouri Pacific Railroad, of this State, for sale, to satisfy the State loan on the road for some $800,000. The application is a peculiar one, inasmuch as it asks a Federal court to restrain a State Executive from carrying out an act of the Legislature. Attorney-General Ewing and R. Bowman, associate counsel, left for Davenport to-night to represent the State.

A morning paper says that at the present time there are between 7,000 and 8,000 children kidnapped from Italy and held in slavery in large cities in the United States. This city, New York being the great central cesspool, children are brought here and sold daily at private auction—prices varying from $100 to $400 for boys, and $100 to $500 for girls. Where the girls are exceptionally pretty, prices rule higher. Two little girls, who together play their violins in Wall street, are said to have been bought by the present owner for $1,600. Since the first of April last 317 of these children have arrived at this port.

General Longstreet was once the idol of the Southern people. Now, a New Orleans letter says "Our best citizens refuse to speak to him; ladies draw their skirts to one side in passing him upon the streets, as if he were a leper. In the eyes of the New Orleans aristocracy he has sunk too low to be noticed. In the public meetings he is denounced as a traitor, a renegade, a black-hearted deserter of his people, and, in fact, every epithet is thrown at him that malice can paint or ingenuity can invent. But none of this provokes a response from Longstreet. He goes his way, courteous but sad, turning neither to the right nor to the left, and paying no attention to the mud thrown at him."

A special from Bismarck, Dakota Territory, says the party of engineers appointed to survey the North Pacific Railroad, and for whose protection a strong force of troops were provided, left Fort Abraham Lincoln Tuesday morning at 6 o'clock, accompanied by two companies of infantry, one of cavalry, and twenty-eight Indian scouts, under command of General Rosser. When a short distance from the post one hundred and fifty or more Sioux Indians appeared and attacked the party. A fight of two hours ensued, resulting in the repulse of the savages. There was no loss by the engineers or military. Four Sioux were killed and twelve scalps taken by the Indian scouts. After the fight the surveying proceeded.

Subjoined is a complete list of members of the House of Representatives who, up to date, have returned their back pay into the Treasury. Quite a number of names of members who have been generally credited with returning this money, do not appear on the books of the Treasury. The real number is thirty two, making, with the list of Senators already telegraphed, a total of forty-six Congressmen who have made repayments: Barber, of Wisconsin; Cox, of New York; Crebs, of Illinois; Coburn, of Indiana; Cotton, of Iowa; Fyfe, of Maine; Finkelnburg, of Missouri; Farwell, of Illinois; Garfield, of Ohio; Hill, of New Jersey; Hulsey, of New Jersey; Hawley, of Connecticut; Hawley, of Illinois; Hale, of Maine; Holman, of Indiana; Hazleton, of Wisconsin; Kerr, of Indiana; Lynch, of Maine; McCrary, of Iowa; Monroe, of Ohio; Mitchell, of Wisconsin; Perry, of New York; Rusk, of Wisconsin; Roberts, of New York; Starkweather, of Connecticut; Sessions, of New York; Sawyer, of Wisconsin; Townsend, of Pennsylvania; Upson, of Ohio; Waldron, of Michigan; Wheeler, of New York.

By Overland Telegraph.

EASTERN DATES TO JUNE 23.

WASHINGTON CITY

Pacific Railroad Suit.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—It was said here, by one of the Government counsel in the Union Pacific Railroad suit, that should defendants soon put in their demurrer to the bill in equity, its anticipated argument will commence some time in September

Postal Affairs.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—The following are the postal changes during the week: Office established—At Tyghe Valley, Wasco county, Oregon, Benj. McAtee, postmaster. Office discontinued—Kentuck, Whatcom county, W. T. Postmasters appointed—Yainax, Jackson county, Oregon, Bolesfort, Lewis county, W. T., J. S. Miller.

It is reported to-night, though not on official authority, that six cases of the cholera originated in this city to-day.

EASTERN STATES.

Threatening Forest Fires.

DETROIT, June 22.—Extensive forest fires are reported in various parts of Northern Michigan, and a repetition of the fearful winter of October, 1871, is feared. A shower might avert the danger.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 22.—An extensive fire is raging in the forests on Fishkill mountains. It has already traveled nearly five miles and burned thousands of cords of wood.

PORTSVILLE Pa., June 22.—Since Saturday afternoon a fearful fire has been raging in the northern part of the county, about 12 miles from here, in the vicinity of Melburton, a mining town.

Other Fires.

ROCHESTER, June 22.—An incendiary fire occurred at Mount Morris, Livingston county, this morning, which destroyed all the brick stores between the American Hotel and Phelps' hotel. Loss estimated at $80 000

DETROIT, June 22.—The Huron Salt and Lumber Company's works in Saginaw was entirely destroyed by fire at midnight. Loss, $150,000

SYRACUSE, June 22.—A large tannery was burned last night. Loss, $20,000

CINCINNATI, June 22.—The extensive lard oil and candle factory of Chas. Harkness & Co. was burned. Loss, 200,000; insurance, $75,000

NEW YORK, June 22.—A special dispatch says that an oil refinery fire at Mount's in Livingston county, N. Y., yesterday, burned all the brick stores between the American House and the Phillips House, [illegible], $6,000, partially insured.

The New Trade Dollar.

NEW YORK, June 22.—A telegram was received yesterday by the Director of the Mint, from the Superintendent of the San Francisco Mint, saying there was numerous inquiries for the new trade dollar, a large quantity being wanted for that use. to Chicago on the 16th of July. The Director replied that they cannot be sent to San Francisco before the 6th or 16th of July, therefore the demand cannot be fully supplied.

Stocks.

NEW YORK, June 22.—Stock now will not occur during the present term of the Court of Over and Terminer, which throws it over to October. It has been decided to make no effort for bail. It is said the Court will rely upon medical testimony, which so far is the trial, and will raise a plea of self defense.

The Times has a report that the Delaware Lackawanna & Western Railroad Co. yesterday invited to pay a say required per cent. of the $3,000,000 to pay the new [illegible] subscription for new stock, etc. The bonds are also to be offered to stockholders.

Domestic Unpleasantness.

WHEELING, W. Va., June 22.—Isaac Flinn of this city was shot dead by his wife, one Friday night, after threatening him with a pistol and with a fire shovel. He took them both away from her. She then drew a revolver and fired at him, one of the balls striking him in the breast and inflicting a dangerous wound. Flinn [illegible] the wife.

Search for the Polaris.

NEW YORK, June 23.—The *Polaris* search steamer Tigress, will leave to-morrow or Tuesday. A long line of [illegible] will be left with the Herald by the expedition. Capt. Buddington, who was left in charge of the *Polaris*, is first of the list.

Cholera.

LOUISV

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 24, 1873

Antiquated Logic.

And now comes the New York *Herald* and presents a long article on the situation of matters in connection with the United States Senatorship for Oregon, in which it is assumed as a settled point, that a man elected under an assumed name is not entitled to his seat. We confess an utter inability to comprehend the position taken by the *Herald* and those other journals that have expressed similar views. There is in our mind no proposition of law better settled, than that a mere misnomer of one of the parties does not invalidate any transaction, so long as there is no mistake in the identity of the party actually intended. No one can pretend that the person who has taken his place as Senator from Oregon is not the person chosen by the Legislature to fill that position, no matter by what name the members of the Legislature were accustomed to call him when he was elected. It was not the name that was elected Senator, it was the person. If any other person had appeared on the 4th of March, and, after proving that he lived in Oregon, that his true name was John H. Mitchell, and that the person intended to be elected was not John H. Mitchel, but was in fact John Doe; and if upon this showing the stranger had proposed to contest with John Doe the right to the seat in the Senate, does any man in his senses suppose such a contestant would have received any more attention than was necessary to have the Sergeant-at-Arms put him away as an intruder? Of course not. So far as the simple fact of changing his name is concerned, it cannot possibly affect the Senator's right to a seat, unless the Senate should allow themselves to be forced by other circumstances to adopt as a guide to their decision an arbitrary rule, unsound in itself, and which that body itself would not hereafter regard as a binding precedent.

But this shallow and artificial mode of reasoning, by which it is proposed to deprive a Senator of his seat because the men who voted for him happened not to know his true name, is met by one of the only two Eastern papers we have observed that take the other side, by a logic equally as shallow and absurd. We refer to the Pittsburg *Commercial*, which bases its argument in favor of the Senator's right to hold his seat upon the proposition that he did not take a name other than his parents gave him, but simply "*as-arranged*" that name, transposing the Mitchell and Hipple, so as to make it John Hipple Mitchell instead of John Mitchell Hipple. This statement of the fact is not correct, for his assumed name, as written in full by himself here, is John *Hiram* Mitchell; but it would not make a particle of difference with the argument if it were a mere transposition. A man's name is intended as a designation by which he is to be known, and any alteration of it that so far destroys its character as such designation that a person seeing the new name would not suppose it to belong to the same person is taking a different name, whether it be effected through a mere transposition, as assumed by the *Commercial*, or by a more material change as is actually the fact in the case under discussion.

These newspapers seem to be laboring under the impression that the Senate of the United States is composed of a lot of fourteenth-century theologians who are going to lose sight of the substance of the question—if there is any question about it—and decide so grave a matter upon technical grounds that have been exploded in law, equity and theology for hundreds of years.

The Civilized Celestial.

John Chinaman has evidently imbibed the spirit of American civilization to a most encouraging degree. Soo by what means he proposes to meet the impending troubles between him and the enterprising Caucasians who, after laboring for a quarter of a century to draw him into relations of intimate friendship with them, are now cudgeling their brains to find some way to get rid of him. A statement of the facts, from a thoroughly celestial stand-point no doubt, has been drawn up under the auspices of the six Chinese Companies doing business on this coast, and will be sent to the Chinese Government, there to be reproduced in innumerable copies, and circulated throughout the flowery kingdom. Thus are the grievances, present and prospective, of John, to be made known to his friends and fellow-citizens in Asia to the end, of course, that a healthy public sentiment may be created on that continent on so momentous a subject. It may be a little difficult for the average American, with the average American's practical ideas and lack of sentiment, to perceive just how John is to be immediately benefited by working up this healthy public sentiment in Asia; but John has seen that thing done in this country, and he knows from that fact that there is something in it. It is encouraging to think that John has got up to the point of using intelligible and intelligent methods, at all events. John always believed in the use of moral suasion rather than brute force in accomplishing practical results; at least so we infer from the accounts we have read of the manner in which he fights with a gong instead of a broadsword in the great wars that sometimes shake the ancient empire of his ancestors and himself. But it is a long step in the direction of permanent improvement when John deliberately resolves to settle his troubles with us by giving vent to his sorrows in his native land.

In the case of Woodhull, Claflin and Blood, indicted in the United States District Court for sending obscene publications through the mails, counsel for the accused moved, June 12th, to quash the indictment for the reason that it was not sufficiently specific, and did not afford his clients information upon the precise charges they would have to meet. Judge Blatchford denied the motion, and said that he would sustain the indictments substantially, but must request the District Attorney to furnish the defendants with a bill of particulars. The trial was fixed for Monday, 16th inst., as to Claflin and Blood. In answer to a remark by Jordan, of counsel, that it was possible Mrs. Woodhull would be present, even against the advice of her physicians, Judge Blatchford remarked that he did not wish to go on with the trial of a woman in ill health, but if Mrs. Woodhull chose to be willful, she might come into court at her own peril.

The free bath system of New York and Boston is found to be an admirable precaution against disease, while it is a great convenience to the poorer classes. A journal of the former city says that during the first week since the opening of the free baths 12,000 boys and 21,000 girls have taken advantage of them.

More about Water.

A little inquiry will satisfy any one that the city of Portland is not so much at the mercy of the Water Company as some persons, including the company themselves, appear to suppose. The company's franchise is not an exclusive right, but a mere naked license to lay down pipes in the streets of the city. It may be revoked any day, so as to prevent all further interference with the streets, either for the purpose of laying down additional mains, or supply pipes, or for the purpose of repairing those already laid. The city can also grant similar rights to any other person or company, with such enlarged privileges as may be deemed expedient, as a means of inducing the construction of good and sufficient works; or the city may build works of its own—which it is certain to do sooner or later.

Nor is our city surrounded by any such circumstances as make it an inevitable necessity for it to submit to any exorbitant demand at the hands of the Water Company, even for the present. The fire cisterns can be filled by pumping water from the river with one of our fire steam engines, and this supply will be sufficient for all ordinary occasions; and when extraordinary occasions present themselves, as in the case of an extensive conflagration, there will be no question about the right to take water from any main from which it can be obtained, and pay for it at what it is reasonably worth, and no more. By this method the city can obtain water for all purposes at a much less cost than the price demanded by the company, and at the same time can settle the fact that it will not submit to such an extortion as that now proposed. It may be there are some persons who have not fully realized the magnitude of the demand made by the company upon the city. At present the water used by the city for all purposes is furnished for $100 per month, or $1,200 per year. The company have notified the City Council that after the expiration of the present contract, which has but a few weeks more to run, the charge will be $750 per month, or $9,000 per year—and all, so far as one can see, because the citizens have exercised their right to reject a proposal of the water company whereby the works were offered to the city at a price over fifty per cent. greater than a competent engineer has estimated would be their value if they were new and of the best quality.

As to the supply to individual citizens, an advance of the price would work a great hardship upon many of them. The present rates are enormously high. Cities that own their own works, supply their citizens at less than half the rates charged by this company and yet derive large revenues from their water rates, over and above interest on the cost of their construction, the expense of keeping them in operation, and the cost of repairs. Portland could do the same, but it could not do so without building good works; nor could it construct works in time to save its citizens from the extortion now threatened.

The present rates are two dollars per month for a single faucet. We have heard it asserted within the last day or two, by a person who is in a position to know, that for less money than this every house in the city can be abundantly supplied from wagons. We do not know whether that is true or not. Of course such a source of supply could never be considered permanent; but many larger cities than this have obtained all the water they need in just that way. It is not a North American custom, but its practicability has been demonstrated in various places and on a broader scale than the present wants of Portland would call for. Divers ways can be devised to avoid further exactions by the company, until the city can take suitable measures to give permanent relief to its citizens.

Cholera.

From nearly every section of the Union, except the Pacific coast, comes intelligence of the general prevalence of Asiatic cholera as an epidemic. North and South, and in the valley of the Mississippi, a large number of deaths are reported. In Cincinnati, Louisville, Nashville, Memphis, Cairo and other places in the West, the deaths from the disease are very numerous.

It seems but a few days since the first cases were reported almost simultaneously at New York and New Orleans, and the rapidity with which the disease has spread is truly alarming.

In the past the people of this coast have enjoyed remarkable exemption from those fatal epidemics that so often sweep across the country at the other side of the continent; so that we have come to look upon such calamities as something to excite our pity for others, but not to cause any anxiety concerning ourselves. This continued good fortune in the past furnishes sufficient ground upon which to predicate a hope that the future may bring no cessation of it. But we must remember that while the same mountains and rivers still lie between us and the Atlantic States, we are practically much nearer them than we formerly were. The improved means of transportation have brought us into such proximity to the East that numbers of persons living in each of the two sections of the country pass and repass almost every day. We should therefore recognize the fact that we are much more exposed than heretofore to all contagious diseases that may prevail over beyond the mountains, and should exercise corresponding prudence and care in relation to such matters. We hope there is no danger of the cholera's reaching this coast and this city; but it can not do any harm for the people here to observe such regulations in their personal habits as are understood among scientific physicians to prepare the system to repel its attacks, or prevent its fatal effects. We once heard a physician of large experience in the treatment of cholera remark that if he could control the personal habits of every person in any city and the drainage and sewage of the place, he would not hesitate to give any amount of bonds conditioned that there should never be a fatal case of cholera in that city. While there is no occasion for alarm here, there is always occasion for caution.

Mr. William Henry Johnson, a colored resident of New York City, alleges that on the 28th of May he entered the Theater Comique of Mr. Josh Hart, and purchased a ticket for the orchestra; that he presented the said ticket to the doorkeeper, who refused him admission, and told him to return it to the box-office, where he would receive the difference in price, and obtain one to the place reserved for colored men. Whereat William Henry became indignant and sued out a warrant against the discriminating Josh for a violation of the Civil Rights bill. Counsel for defense contend that the Civil Rights law is unconstitutional; that theaters are private property, the manager having to charge such prices, make such regulations, and admit or reject such persons as they choose or who shall best conduce to the comfort of their patrons. The case is now before the courts.

It is stated that a paper is being presented for signatures to those members of the last Legislature who supported Mr. Mitchell for the Senate, fully indorsing that gentleman's past conduct, and expressing the hope that he will not resign. Nobody, so far as we can see, has any right to object to a man's signing any paper he wants to sign, but we predict the number who will sign this document will fall considerably below the number who voted for the Senator, and we think it is unquestionably true that if the Republican party attempts to carry this man any longer it will be carried by him into its grave.

By the way, if we were in Gravel Brown's place they'd never get our signature till that gravel was all hauled and laid on the ground. Never another bit of dirty work would they get out of us, ou jaw-bone, if we were Gravel.

Our report of the second day's proceedings of the Willamette Baptist Association, which appears in another column this morning should have appeared yesterday; but by that singular fatality that seems of late to wait upon the steps of many important communications intended for publication in the OREGONIAN, it failed to reach us till too late for that issue. We trust that our readers will make proper allowance for the fact that a newspaper man, like any other man is liable to be made the victim of "a game he does not understand."

The Russian *Invalide*, of recent date, contains a long descriptive and statistical article about Khiva. It estimates the number of the inhabitants at three hundred and forty thousand, and of the capital at twenty thousand. The citadel in the center of the city was mounted with twenty cannon at the commencement of the war. The Khan can muster three thousand soldiers in uniform, and armed with percussion rifles, but quite untrustworthy. He relied chiefly on the inaccessibility of the capital from the Russian side.

The New York *Express* of the 12th instant says that no redress is to be left Commissioner Van Buren but to pocket both the Government affront and his own loss. The State Department refuses to publish the papers in his case, but Congress, it is to be presumed, will publish them in December, when the whole affair will be pretty well forgotten. Senator Adams, of New York, who sailed for Europe a few days ago, was made to understand that none of the old Commissioners will be reinstated.

Among the recommendations of the Civil Service Advisory Board is one that the country be divided into four districts, and a chief examiner be appointed for each; these chief examiners to travel about their districts, and in connection with local officers of sufficient intelligence to conduct competitive examinations, and forward the result to Washington for inspection and decision. The object is to save applicants the expense of coming to Washington for examination, as at present.

Governor Austin, of Minnesota, declines to be a candidate for re-election. He has held the office for two terms and says that it has cost him $3,000 more than his salary, to live "which, when a man has earned what little he has by hard knocks, is not very satisfactory." Republican papers of that State intimate that he would have been re-nominated if he had expressed the wish.

This time it is the Chinese who have "struck" at Beaver Falls. Ninety-nine, under the charge of Chow Hung, have left for New Orleans, whence a number of them will go to San Francisco. Mr. Hung states that the trouble at the cutlery works was caused by Ah Pay, who was their treasurer, withholding from $6 to $8 per month from each.

Reports of the proceedings of the board of inquiry at Vienna, while they do not impugn the honesty of General Van Buren, show his incapacity for the business placed in his charge, hence the irregularities which led to his suspension.

The bond-holders of the St. Joseph and Denver City Railroad are holding indignation meetings in New York city to find out why their bonds are down to 31.

The famous Carew Paper Mills at Hadley Falls, Massachusetts, were burned on the night of June 19th. Insurance covered the entire loss of $50,000.

The San Francisco *Call* mentions the discovery of a superior quality of petroleum at Los Gatos, Southern California.

The trial of young Walworth, the parricide, began yesterday in New York city.

Troubles of the Union Pacific.

A New York dispatch of the 19th inst., has the subjoined concerning the withholding of certain land patents from the Union Pacific Company:

The Union Pacific Railroad Company does not succeed in obtaining patents for the remainder of the lands located, but not yet patented. There are about twenty million acres included in their original grant, and up to the present time patents have been issued for between 900,000 and 1,000,000 only of lands lying in Nebraska. Of this, only, half was selected by the road, patents for the other half being withheld; not, however, because of the pending Credit Mobilier suit, but because the Government has no information that the road has been completed in accordance with the terms of the law.

The last report of the condition of the road was made by a Commission of eminent citizens, of which Ben Wade was a member. They found the road was not constructed and equipped according to law. The ties were of soft wood, and the culverts were of wood instead of stone. Nevertheless, the Commission recommended that half the land located by the road be patented to the Company, but that the other half be reserved till the terms of the law were complied with. The Government is acting according to this report. The Secretary, in answer to an application for the rest of the patents, expresses his willingness to appoint a Commission to inspect the road and report whether the law has been fulfilled, but the Company does not seem in haste to have any more inspections. They, however, have desired patents for all lands east of the Rocky Mountains, and that the lands west of those patented should all be reserved. This proposition is not accepted and every alternate section of those located is reserved. It is, therefore, not likely that the Union Pacific will secure any more patents for months, possibly for years to come.

A correspondent of the *World* writes from Madrid about Castelar, as follows:

History is his favorite study, and is of immense assistance to him in his speeches. He has travelled much, though never yet outside of Europe. Rome, Berlin, Paris, and London are as familiar to him as Madrid. He has often spoken to me of New York, with its great newspapers and its great publishing houses, such as the Messrs. Harper, with whom he is under contract. Their enterprise and liberality, so different to that of Spanish houses, has secured his co-operation in their *Monthly* on terms highly remunerative to him. Between the engagement with them and the correspondence of two South American journals who pay him $50 each for a bi-weekly "letter," he was adding something like $13,000 a year to the $1,500 he received for his professorship of history in the University of Madrid. All this literary work he has had to lay aside since he entered office, and drop down to the miserable pittance of $6,000 a year—the salary attached to the Spanish Ministry of State.

WILLAMETTE BAPTIST ASSOCIATION.

Second Day.

SALEM, June 20, 1873.

The first exercise of the day commenced at 9 A. M., and consisted in a prayer meeting conducted by Rev. A. R. Medbury. After the close of these exercises, which were necessarily brief, a vacancy in the Committee on Home Missions was filled by the appointment of Rev. J. A. Wirth of Oregon City.

As is customary, a Committee on Resolutions was also appointed.

Pursuant to previous agreement, to day was devoted to the discussion of subjects connected with Sabbath Schools and Sabbath work. The programme of the day being read, the session opened with appropriate remarks by the Rev G. C. Chandler.

First in order was a printed address by Rev. Addison Jones, on "How to improve our Sabbath Schools," after which the subject was freely discussed and elucidated.

Following this discussion, Rev. A. R. Medbury gave a short address on Union Sabbath Schools, in which he opposed the plan of union, because, in Sabbath Schools strictly union, there must be a great sacrifice of personal convictions of truth or no sacrifice, and "a row" consequent thereon. The discussion was continued and participated in by several others.

A carefully prepared communication from Major Robert, an active Sabbath School worker of Portland, was read. It was mainly a recommendation of certain works as being the most useful helps to superintendents and teachers in Sabbath Schools. His criticisms showed good discrimination and the essay, as a whole, was highly appreciated.

In the afternoon the exercises were resumed by the reading of an essay on "Who is qualified to superintend and teach?" The essay described the qualifications of the model superintendent and teacher, but did not tell how these qualifications could be acquired.

The next subject—"Early conversions; how to secure them," was opened by Rev. E. Russ in some appropriate remarks, after which it was thoroughly discussed.

The next interesting feature in the exercises, was the opening of the question drawer, in which questions were drawn and persons called upon to answer them impromptu.

In the evening the audience was entertained by the Sunday School of the Church here. Their exercises, which consisted in synopses of certain parts of the book of Genesis, recitations of Scripture, and music, were excellent and reflected great credit on their leaders.

Some Important Facts about Cholera.

PORTLAND, June 23, 1873.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

A knowledge of the following facts concerning cholera, elicited by the scientific investigations of Prof. Pettenkofer, of Munich, may prove useful, if not in preventing, at least in lessening the ravages of the disease, which is now spreading through the Eastern States, should it reach our city:

"Cholera is neither altogether a contagion, nor entirely a miasma, but a most dangerous bastard, combining all the virulence of both.

"The origin of cholera lies in a specific ferment or germ, contained in the excrements of cholera-stricken persons, or even of otherwise healthy people, coming from an infected locality.

"Cholera, if once introduced in the shape of this germ, develops itself into an epidemic only in such localities where the water, circulating in a loose, porous soil, is impregnated with faecal matter, through percolation from cesspools, sewers and gutters.

"Such polluted subsoil water has been the more dangerous when, by an ospheric influence, it alternately rises and falls, leaving, in the latter case, the upper strata impregnated with putrid organic matter, to dry up, and thereby exhale volumes of most poisonous gases, which enter the human system through our lungs.

"Cholera is therefore propagated not only by the atmosphere, when charged with faecal gases, but also by wells, when contaminated by excremental percolation, the latter being by far the most dangerous mode, as the development of poison is much more concentrated and powerful in the water we drink than in the air we inhale.

"Excrements, even of cholera-stricken persons, never spread their infectious ferment while fresh, but only after the second day, when alkaline fermentation sets in, which therefore must be prevented by admixture of disinfectants in sufficient quantity;" or by removing the excrements altogether, day by day, as they are produced, before fermentation can develop the fatal germ they may contain, and to do this will require proper attention to house and other drains and sewers.

SUBSCRIBER.

Captain Hall's Last Dispatch.

In an extended telegraphic report of the *Polaris* investigation, at Washington, we find the last dispatch ever penned by the commander of the *Polaris*. It reads as follows:

SIXTH SNOW HOUSE ENCAMPMENT, CAPE BRAYCOURT, north side of entrance to Newman's Bay, lat. 82 3 north, long. 61 20 west, October 20, 1871.

To the Honorable Secretary of the U. S. Navy, G. M. Robeson: Myself and party, consisting of Mr. Chester, first mate, my Esquimaux Joe and Greenland Esquimaux Hans, left the ship in winter quarters in Thank God Harbor, lat. 81 38 north, long. 61 44 west, at meridian October 10th, on a journey by two sleds, drawn by 14 dogs, to discover, if possible, a feasible route Island for my sledges to journey next spring to reach the North Pole, purposing to adopt such route if found better than a route over the old floes and hummocks of the strait which I have designated Robeson Strait, after the Hon. Secretary of the United States Navy. We arrived here on the afternoon of October 17th, having discovered a lake and river on our way. Along the latter our route was almost a serpentine one, which led us on to this bay. Fifteen minutes distant from here, southward and eastward from the top of an iceberg, near the mouth of said river, we could see that this bay, which I have named after the Rev. Dr. Newman, extended from Cape Brayeort. We can see land extending on the west side of the strait to the north, and distant about 70 miles, thus making land we have discovered as far as lat. 83 5 north.

There is an appearance of land further north, and extending northeasterly than what I have just noticed; but a peculiar dark nimbus or cloud that constantly hangs over what seems to be land prevents my making a full determination. On August 31st the *Polaris* made her greatest northern latitude, 82° 29′ north; after several attempts to get her further north, she became beset, when we were drifted down to about 81° 30′, when an opening occurred. We steamed out of the ice and made harbor September 3d, where the *Polaris* is [a corner of the manuscript is here burned off.] Up to the time I and my party left the ship all have been well, and continue with high hopes of accomplishing our great mission.

We find this a much warmer country than we expected. All the mountains on either side of Kennedy Channel and Robeson Strait we found entirely bare of snow. We have found that the country abounds with game—geese, duck, musk cattle, rabbits, wolves, foxes, bears, partridges, etc. Our sailors have shot two seals in the open water while at this encampment. Our long Arctic night commenced October 13th, having seen only the upper limb of the sun above the glacier at meridian.

This dispatch to the Secretary of the Navy I finish at this moment, 8:23 P. M., having written it in ink in our snow hut.

A copy of this dispatch was placed in a pillar, at Brevoort Cape, October 21, 1871.

NEW TO-DAY.

Strayed or Stolen.

A BLACK NEWFOUNDLAND PUP, ABOUT THREE months old, from the corner of Fourth and Morrison sts. Information of its whereabouts may be left with the R. E. POWERS, cor. Fourth and Morrison.

Wanted,

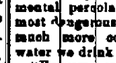
$1.200 FOR TWELVE MONTHS. FIRST-class real estate or personal security given. Apply to W. H. WEST, *Daily News Office.* je24d6t

Notice.

ALL MEMBERS OF THE INDEPENDENT ORDER of ODD FELLOWS are requested to attend at their hall THIS EVENING at 8 o'clock, P. M., as there will be important business before the Lodge.

By order of the W. G.

FOR ALBANY AND CORVALLIS!



THE STEAMER

SHOSHONE

Will leave W. R. R. Co's Wharf,

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 24th, At 6 o'clock,

For ALBANY, returning to Portland on Wednesday, and leaving again for CORVALLIS and intermediate points on

THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 26th.

B. GOLDSMITH.

Amusements.

FOURTH OF JULY.

GRAND

CELEBRATION AT ST. JOE!

RAILROAD EXCURSION AND PICNIC

Preparations are making to Insure this the Best Celebration This Year in the State.

GEN. JOEL PALMER, of Dayton, PRESIDENT OF THE DAY.

W. C. GASTON, Esq., of Portland, ORATOR OF THE DAY.

HARTLEY HURLEY, Esq., of Lafayette, READER OF THE DECLARATION.

REV. DR. MARSH, of Forest Grove, CHAPLAIN.

THE OREGON CITY BRASS BAND Will furnish the Music.

A wide extent of the most

BEAUTIFUL OAK & FIR GROVES

Have been cleared of underbrush and made ready for all the Parties and Picnics which may come.

EXTENSIVE SWINGS, DANCING FLOORS AND CROQUET GROUNDS

Have been made ready. (Croquet sets must be taken by those desiring to use them.)

The citizens of Portland and Washington county are invited to come up and see OLD YAMHILL in all its glory as our landscapes, unparalelled for beauty, and our wheat fields, unequalled anywhere.

The citizens of Yamhill are invited to turn out *en masse* and welcome their visitors on this National Anniversary, and make them feel that Multnomah, Washington and Yamhill, always a unit for the "West Side," is now more than ever bound together by ties of friendship and mutual interests, stronger than the iron track which now connects them.

The Excursion Train will leave Portland at 7 o'clock A. M., arriving at St. Joe at 10 A. M. Returning, leave St. Joe at 5 P. M. and reach Portland at 8 P. M.

TICKETS for round trip One Dollar. Children half-price.

DR. R. H. LITTLEFIELD, Marshal of the Day.

je24

1776. 1873.

HEADQUARTERS GRAND MARSHAL

No. 64 Front Street,

(Under Cosmopolitan Hotel.)

FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION!

1873.

ALL ORGANIZED BODIES wishing to participate in the forthcoming celebration are respectfully requested to communicate at an early day at the above headquarters.

AL. ZIEGLER, Grand Marshal.

je21

Prof. O. S. FOWLER

WILL LECTURE IN

THE DALLES 21st to 24th; WALLA WALLA, 27th to 30th; Lewiston, July 2d to 5th; Boise City, 9th to 11th; Lafayette, 14th to 15th; Oregon City, 16th to 18th; Salem, 17th to 19th; Albany, 20th to 22d; Eugene, 30th to August 1st; Oakland, 2d to 3d; Roseburg, 4th to 5th; Jacksonville 6th; or nearest intervening points. Subjects and Place for public lecture and Private Examinations to be announced. Address invitations to Walla Walla as above. jy24

Rock River Paper Company's

PATENT

FELT ROOFING!

PUT ON FOR $6 PER SQUARE.

Prepared Plastering Board, SHEATHING and CARPET PAPER.

For sale by H. C. MORWICK, Masonic Temple, Portland.

REGALIAS AND EMBLEMS!

Only Regalia House in the State.

MASONIC BOOKS AND BLANKS!

GOLD AND SILVER

Laces, Fringes, Spangles, Stars, Bullion, etc.

H. C. MORWICK, Masonic Temple, Portland, Or.

jeh

JOHN CLAIRK,

78 Front Street,

(Between American Exchange and Cosmopolitan Hotels.)

MANUFACTURER and WHOLESALE and RETAIL DEALER IN

HARNESS, SADDLES, BRIDLES,

COLLARS, WHIPS,

Saddlery Hardware.

California Saddle Trees.

Special attention paid to the manufacture of Fine Double and Single Pleasure and Trotting Harness in every variety; also, large assortment of Horse blankets and Robes, Fancy Lap Dusters, Rubber lined Driving and Riding Whips, (Philadelphia make)—late styles.

Wholesale and Retail buyers are invited to examine the stock.

GLASS! GLASS!

P. McGEE & CO.,

No. 138 First St., bet. Oak and Pine (Smith's Block),

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

ENGLISH, FRENCH, GERMAN and AMERICAN

WINDOW GLASS!

CRYSTAL, SHEET, ENAMELED, STAINED and CUT GLASS!

Doors, Sash & Blinds.

PAINTS, OILS, etc., etc.

GLAZING done on short notice, and satisfaction guaranteed.

The above firm call the attention of dealers, contractors and builders and the public generally to examine their new stock before purchasing elsewhere, and guarantee to give satisfaction. COUNTRY ORDERS solicited and promptly attended to. je2

PATRONISE HOME MANUFACTURE

AINSLIE & DAVIDSON,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, FRAMES,

SHUTTERS, BRACKETS, and ALL KINDS OF SCROLL SAWING.

HAVING THE BEST FACILITIES AND THE latest improved wood-working machinery for the manufacture of the above articles, can offer superior inducements to customers, and at San Francisco prices, at

Nicolais Bros' Mill

Also, best quality of SEASONED CEDAR LUMBER, CEILING and RUSTIC MOULDINGS, WOOD TURNING to all its branches, Balusters, Newel Posts, Billiard Balls, Croquet Sets, etc., etc.

NICOLAIS BROS' MILL AND FACTORY, Cor. Second and E Sts., Portland.

SAW-LOGS.

ALL PERSONS HAVING LOGS IN THEIR BOOM or Lewis River, or picked up on the Willamette river or June 10th and 20th instant, marked with the letter A X, or dimensions of the logs in figures on the end, are hereby notified to report the number and place at the office of Abrams & Hague, southeast corner of Main and Front streets, Albina, claim for labor expended in securing the same, for adjustment.

CROWLEY BROS. ABRAMS & HAGUE.

Portland, June 21, 1873. je21d3t

Ocean Steamers.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

Carrying the U. S. Mail.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAMSHIP

JOHN L. STEPHENS,

FRANCIS CONNOR.....Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F Street, for the above port

FRIDAY, JUNE 27, 1873.

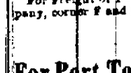
At 6 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front Streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For Port Townsend, Seattle, Steilacoom, Olympia, Nanaimo, Victoria, Ft. Wrangle and Sitka.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAMER Propeller



CALIFORNIA,

JOHN HAYES, Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F Street, for the above ports

TUESDAY, JUNE 24th, 1873, At 6 o'clock, P. M.

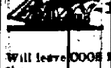
Victoria, Nanaimo and Sitka freight must be cleared before 12 o'clock, A. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front Street.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

From Coos Bay for San Francisco

THE STEAMER



MASTIFF,

GEO. PATON.....Captain,

Will leave COOS BAY for SAN FRANCISCO, on or about the

1st and 15th of Each Month.

Has SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATIONS FOR PASSENGERS. For freight or passage apply to

F. SOHN, Agent, Coos Bay.

D. BEADLE, Agent, San Francisco.

je16d6m

Watches and Jewelry.

T. C. Henrichson & Co.,

FASHIONABLE JEWELERS!

109 First St.,

Between Yamhill and Morrison,

Diamonds and Jewelry,

Gold and Silver Watches and SILVERWARE

Boots & Shoes.

PACIFIC

ROOT & SHOE STORE

S. W. CORNER FIRST AND MORRISON STS.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE I WILL SELL FOR CASH, at the following rates:

Ladies' Fine Quality, 12 Button Kid $2 50

For [illegible] 00.

Ladies' [illegible] Quality 16 Button Kid $1 75

Foxed [illegible] 1 50

[illegible], 1873.

Old rates.

Misses' Fine Quality, do $2 00 $2 50

" Second Quality, do 1 50 2 00

Children's First Quality 1 00 1 50

" Second Quality 75 1 00

C. A. FRASER.

Millinery Goods.

MILLINERY, MILLINERY!

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

All the Latest Styles

And everything pertaining to the business on hand.

NEW GOODS ARRIVING DAILY AT HAMMER.

SOLD LOW, CHEAPER THAN EVER, to suit the times. Drop in and judge for yourself, at

P. VAN FRIDACH'S,

79 DEKUM'S BUILDING, FIRST ST.

ICE CREAM!

DURING THE SUMMER SEASON THE UNDERsigned will have on hand and make to order all kinds of ICE CREAMS,

WATER ICES,

ROMAN PUNCH,

CHARLOTTE DE RUSSE,

CAKES—All KINDS of all descriptions

SWISS CHEESE,

RUSSIAN CAVIAR,

SARDINES, ETC.,

And the best and most complete stock of

FRENCH AND AMERICAN CANDIES

Wholesale or Retail.

ICE CREAM delivered to any part of the city free of charge.

ALISKY & HEGELE,

PORTLAND CANDY MANUFACTORY,

No. 107 First street, opposite Post Office.

THE ART GALLERY OF PORTLAND

(LATE "OPPOSITION LINE")

Corner First and Taylor streets—No. 14

O. DENNIE, Photographer,

HAS OPENED HIS NEW GALLERY AT THE above place, with an ENTIRE NEW OUTFIT. The rooms are easy of access from the street, and are the most complete in the State. San Francisco style of top-light, with Revolving shades to produce fine, soft shades on the picture.

Floating Photographs!

Something New and Beautiful.

PORCELAIN, ENAMELED CARDS, and all the latest improvements to the art.

Former patrons and the public generally invited to call and inspect the new VIEWS OF THE CITY and Public Buildings. No pictures taken on Sunday.

TO WOOL-GROWERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE FOR SALE, JUST landed,

GILROY WOOL BAGS 40x90.

HEWETT, WILSON & CO.

AGENTS WANTED!

A FIRST-CLASS BUSINESS FOR A RELIABLE man with the assurance of making from

$2,000 to $3,000 a Year.

Can be secured in connection with an agency for the exclusive sale of works by

HENRY WARD BEECHER,

WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT,

HARRIET BEECHER STOWE, etc

Write for particulars to

J. B. FORD & CO., Publishers, San Francisco.

m20d3p4w4w

Lime, Cement, Plaster and Hair

On hand and to arrive, at

C. H. FRONT AND CLAY STS., PORTLAND.

SANTA CRUZ LIME, ROSENDALE CEMENT, PLASTER and HAIR CHEAP FOR CASH, or approved paper.

C. ORICH, Agent.

Auction and Commission.

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER,

Corner of Front and Oak Sts.

AUCTION SALES OF REAL ESTATE GROUNDS A

Sale Days—W[illegible]

[illegible]

At Private [illegible]

Large [illegible]

LIBERAL ADVANCES made on Consignments. To parties declining [illegible] will Purchase [illegible]

A. B. RICHARDSON.

Regular and [illegible]

[illegible]

GENERAL [illegible]

I will sell [illegible]

WEDNESDAY, [illegible]

At [illegible]

1 LARGE [illegible]

1 DRAY,

1 WAGON

[illegible]

35 hf bbls [illegible]

275 bxs C. O. SOAP,

35 bxs FA[illegible]

[illegible]

160 [illegible]

50 [illegible] FRUIT OF [illegible]

25 bxs SAPONIA.

[illegible]

Mutual [illegible]

Fire and [illegible]

Capital [illegible]

JOHN H. [illegible]

GEO. K. HOWARD [illegible]

WM. REID, Vice [illegible]

H. H. HOYT, [illegible]

[illegible]

PORTLAND, [illegible]

HAS. M. [illegible]

ATHANY [illegible]

DAILY [illegible]

LEWIS [illegible]

JUST RECEIVED

J. H. [illegible]

[illegible] TO THE [illegible]

A [illegible]

[illegible] Dutch [illegible]

Buckeye, Texas and [illegible]

[illegible] the [illegible]

[illegible] Senior Class [illegible]

[illegible] Middle Class [illegible]

[illegible] Middle Class [illegible]

[illegible] Middle Class [illegible]

[illegible] Second Class [illegible]

[illegible] Junior Class [illegible]

[illegible] Junior Class [illegible]

[illegible] Junior

...rtion and Commission.

...B. RICHARDSON,
...UCTIONEER
...ner of Front and Oak Streets.

...AUCTION SALES
...ESTATE, GROCERIES GENERAL
...CHANDISE AND HORSES

...ays—Wednesday and Saturday.

A B. RICHARDSON, Auct...

...t Private Sale.
...L ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNM...
...declining B. maskeeping I will ...
...e second Hand Furniture.
A B RICHARDSON, At the ...

Insurance.

...ular and Peremptory Sale
OF
...PORTANT!
...RAL MERCHANDISE, ETC.

...will sell at my Auction Salesroom,
...NESDAY, JUNE 25, 1873,
At 10 o'clock, A. M.,
LARGE AMERICAN HORSE,
DRAY,
WAGON.
ALSO,
...bf bbls S. I. SUGAR,
...bxs C. C. SOAP,
...bxs FANCY SOAP,
ALSO,
...A ...RTED PIE FRUITS,
...FRESH OYSTERS,
...bxs SAPONIA,
ALSO,
...HOOP...
...ing Hoop... ...
...itchen ...uiture,
ALSO,
...doz SHOE THREAD,
...B. RICHARDSON Auc...

...HE P...
...M. INSURANCE COMPANY
...OF SAN FRANCISCO.
...AND MARINE INSURANCE
...tal $1,000,000
...LON...
...Vice P...
...Sec'y.
...Ass't Sec'y.

...Sc...PER.
...Gen'l Agt.
...C. H. L...
...D. McG...
...L. P. D...
...J. A. B...
...D. M. R...
...J. N...
HAMILTON BERRY,
...for O... and W... Coast.

SADDLERY.

...ECEIVED AND FOR SALE
...H. CONGLE...
...NO. 78 FRONT ST., PORTLAND,
...Sole AGENT OF HILL'S CONCI...
...and Dr. Hill

...Team and Stag... Harness
...the manufactory at Concord, New Hamp...
...ive a call.
...LC...s & MORGAN,
...Boston.
...Manufacturers & Dealers in
...HARNESS
...A CRUZ HARNESS LEATHER.
...ASSORTMENT ALWAYS ON HAND, which we sell ALOWER ...

...mble Real Estate
...SALE.
...LOTS AND BUILDINGS NOW OCCUPIED
...COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,
...the stone ...and brick ...under the ...
...on FRONT ST., PORTLAND, running back ...
...and ...ast 174 feet to low-water mark ...
...the river.
...perty is ...ot centrally located for BUSINESS ...
...and pr...ates the most ...
...ses of any in the city.
...It is the most prominent house in the city, being ...
...by all travelers and business men sent to ...
...ch other.
...erty is paying ... ONE PER CENT. PER ...
...der a ...t on the price asked.
...having ded... ... to ...
...section of the ...erty, which will add this prop...
...best ...ir. If application is ... ...
...and ... apply to the ... ...
HENRY, WOODWARD & CO.,
... W... and Notary P...
64 Front St., Port... Or.

...ENT AGE... WANTED
...and W... ...ott, Tuc... ...to sell
...L. SEWARD'S TRAVELS.
...UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY AS...
...have now ... ...
...SEWARD'S WONDERFUL JOURNEY
AROUND THE WORLD.
...ing workmen ... ...
...ted traveler's de... and the ...
...ed no pains to make it the ...
...talk of travel ever published in the ...
...from Boiler Ma...ufactory at the expense of the sub...
...to be delivered at the Engineer's office, ...
...board of vessel at San Francisco or Portland.
...must be for Local Tenders
...ecommendations and forms of proposals can be ob...
...application by mail, or in person, to the ...
H. M. ROBERT,
Major of Engineers U. S. A.,
Lighthouse Engineer 13th District.

...Daily Oregonian.
TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 24, 1873.

CITY.

PRESENTATION.—At an adjourned meeting of ...h Co. No. 2, held last evening, Miss ...ry F. Sheridan, a well known young lady of ...on city, was elected unanimously an honorary ...mber of that company. This exceptional ...ark of preferment was shown Miss Sheridan, in ...cognition of the fact that this young lady has ...en a warm friend of the company since child ...od, and a very special favorite with all the ...y. This manifestation of good will and ...y... on the part of the members of the ...pany... ...ctern on the part of the members of the ...pany... ...ward Miss Sheridan, did not end by ...ng as an honorary member. Immediate ...y after the election, a committee of gentlemen ...s proceeded to the residence of the young ...y, having the information to the effect that ...y... ...s at the meeting would be ...e... ...s to the company. Miss ...y... ...modestly complied with the request of ...e committee of honor, and soon made her ap...arance at the meeting. A few moments after ...ard, Mr. Hallock addressed the young ...y in a few well-chosen remarks, informing her ...y in the name and as an honorary member of the Com...any, and then presented, in behalf of the mem...ers of Multnomah Co. No. 2, a beautiful gold ...atch of ...ant design and superb workman...hip. Miss Sheridan was so completely surprised ...y the unexpected event, that she could not find ...ords adequately expr... her feelings, ex...ressing simply return thanks for the testimonial ...f kind and esteem entertained by the donors. ...fter a ...ong pause, Mr. Jos. Bachman came gal...antly to the ...ue of the embarrassed young ...dy, and ...ponded to Mr. Hallock in a very neat, ...ppropriate address, after which the meeting ad...ourned. The present is a most substantial token ...f worthy and esteem entertained by the ...ompanies towards the fair recipient. The badge is ...f the purest gold, and in workmanship, ...ay be surpassed anywhere. It was made ...y the well-known house of Henrichsen & Co., on First ...reet, and cost the sum of $75.

...ITS A NUISANCE ON THE TRACK.—We are in...ormed that mischievous boys are in the habit of ...ing the track along Fourth street small ...ones and like obstructions. No motive ...an be assigned for this very questionable sport ...xcept pure deviltry... There obstructions ...ave been every day placed on the track, ...ately, no accident has ...ccurred as yet. ...ut it is only a matter of days if the ...alicious wretch ...ho puts them there is not caught. Where it crosses Mar...et street is the ...ost dangerous point of the city. The locomotive ...ushing the gravel train up to the summit, ...ately, the engineer did not observe ...ything on the track. The first indication given him ...as that the fore part of the dump car struck ...omething, which he thought the car wheels were ...assing over, while the stone ...ent flying in every direction. Most of the ...ocks fell on the west side of the ravine. Almost ...verybody ...ppears, the shrub, al...ough ...ts ...ts, settled back on ...ts ...ndation. Had the car been ...ff the track, it can easily be seen that ...ere would have resulted to the ...ccupants of the car. Too severe punishment ...annot be meted out to any one who is guilty of ...uch a ...ime, and if only ...ught on the lives ...f the ...

...TRANSPORTATION O... ...SPS.—The examination ...f ... ...ley. The following is ...

...Eighth ... ...Junior Class B and ...
...Writing.
...9.30. Mixed Class A and B, Grammar.
...10.00. ...ic Class B and Junior Class A, ...
...Writing.
...10.30. ...ic Class B and Junior Class A, ...
...Writing.
...11.00. ...ic.
...11.15. Senior Class A, General History.
...Ninth ...
...Algebra—1 o'c... Senior Class B, Rhetoric.
...1.45. Senior Class C, Algebra.
...2.15. Mi...ry Class B, Civil ...
...2.50. Music.
...3.10. Middle Class A, Book-k... History.
...3.30. Second Class in ...
...4.00. Sixth Class A, Physics, Analytical and ...

...ELECTION.—We are ...ed by several gen...men an old ...ar ... Duncan ...ould be ...ed to be ...ctly from Canada, ...ave a fe... ...ily of four sons, ...n, etc., a ...ter or ...ter by trade, and repre... ...n out of ...ey, hungry and un...able to get work of any kind—is an imposter. ...ould be on the cars from Ore...on by a few days ago, and is now in the city ...ho ... the obstructable. He has ...een through the valley making representa...ions of ... extreme de...itution. He is said to be ...n able-bodied ... ...ot appearing man. Our ...informant ... ...never been slow to respond to the ap...peals of charity; but it might be well to know ...hether it is not ill bestowed before giving ...

...WATER DOWN.—The water in the Columbia and ...Willamette rivers has begun to fall. Early on ...Monday last, the water had reached a point on ...the O. S. N. Co.'s lower wharf over nine feet. ...On Saturday evening to the present writing, ...it has receded about five inches and is still ...falling slowly. An enthusiastic individual ...in the business on Front street exclaimed yes...terday in view of this fact "that the country is ...going to ...." One week's hot weather might put ...a stop to his enthusiasm.

...PORTLAND SCHOOL.—The closing exer...cises of the term, and an exhibition by the pupils ...of the ...chool under the conduct of Prof. King, will ...take place on Friday next, beginning at 10 o'clock ...M. and continuing until 4 P. M., except an inter...mission of one hour at noon. These exercises ...will be highly interesting to the patrons and ...friends of the school, who are cordially invited to ...be present. Prof. King is sure to make such ...occasions successful.

...LEG BROKEN.—A little son of Mr. Daniels, who ...lives a few miles from Milwaukie, had the mis...fortune to break his right leg one day last week. ...The little fellow was playing about some logs, ...one rolled over his limb, fracturing the ...bone just midway between the knee and ...ankle. Mr. Daniels, of East Portland, was called ...to the house. The boy will soon be able to ...walk.

...STEAMER ...—Yesterday the steamer *Sho...* ...arrived last week by the W. R. T. Co., ...from Wallula to Flan...ers' wharf, alongside ...the steamer *Vancouver*. Every arrangement has ...been made for the *Shoshone* to make her first ...trip to the Wallamet river. She will leave her ...wharf this morning at 6 o'clock for points up the ...river, with freight and passengers.

...STRANDED.—The O. S. N. Co.'s steamer ...*Ahwaht*, so recently acquired by purchase, ...lies at this foot of Ash street undergoing some ...repairs. The decks are being recalked and ...painted, the best will be overhauled. In a short ...time the boat will be ready to assume the Port...land and Yakima route in place of the *Fannie ...*

...EXAMINATION.—The examination of the Port...land Academy and Female Seminary will be as ...follows: On Wednesday, reading, normal test, ...geography, mental arithmetic, English ...grammar and geometry. On Thursday, Latin, ...Greek, ... an, algebra, written arithmetic, ...

...BOAT RAILING.—A number of men are engaged ...at present in putting up the iron railing which ...will protect the stone wall about the Court ...House. Already the railing has been placed in ...position on the west side of the block, and the iron ...railing is erected on the north side of the ...

...STEAM MACHINERY.—The barkentine *Webfoot*, ...now in the river from San Francisco, has on ...board a large quantity of machinery for the Ore...gon City Woolen Mills. About two thirds of the ...entire machinery has already arrived, and the ...rest will be here in a few weeks.

...NEW UNIFORMS.—The new uniforms of the City Rifles ...are being rapidly made, and will be finished by ...the end of the present week. This new military ...company propose to turn out for parade on the ...Fourth of July. At present about sixty uniforms ...will be made.

...SUNK BELOW.—The schooner *W. H. Hayes*, ...which has been loading with lumber for some ...time at Holladay's mill below the city, completed ...her load and went down the river on Sunday. ...Destination is San Francisco.

...FOR SITKA.—The steamer *California* will sail ...this morning at 6 o'clock for Sitka and intermedi... ...ports. She will carry hence a few passengers ...and a ... freight.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Steamer due this afternoon.

Umbrellas continue in demand.

The rush continues for Fabre's coffee.

Trade up the Willamette is improving.

Blackberries and raspberries coming in.

More of them—salmon, etc. at Quinn's.

Two meetings of the Common Council this week.

How is it there is no testing of horse flesh on the race course?

The excitement over the late base ball match has not subsided.

Public schools close next week, and then more time for base ball.

The Portland City Brass Band practice in the City Hall...s Armory.

The pontoon at the foot of Stark street is nearly level with Front street.

Maybell, the poet laborer, has gone to work, says a San Francisco paper.

The new gas building at the foot of E street is rapidly approaching completion.

Several persons will leave the city to attend the Commencement at Willamette University.

The order of Jolly Good Fellows will give an excursion to St. Joe on the Fourth of July.

Jumping from one log to another is a favorite amusement with frequenters of the Cosmopolitan Hotel.

Crowds gather on the wharves to witness the daily trials of speed between the *Onealta* and *Carrie*.

Masons are actively engaged in reconstructing Corbett's brick, at the corner of Alder and Front streets.

Examinations and closing exercises will be held the present week both at St. Helens' Hall and St. Mary's Academy.

"The Girl with the Saffron Hair" is the title of a new song with which the musical market will soon be flooded.

The public generally will rejoice to learn that there is an immediate prospect of the improvement of Stark street.

The burning of an immense heap of straw on Yamhill street last evening caused quite a disagreeable smoke in that vicinity.

You might as well attempt to shampoo an elephant with a thimbleful of soapsuds as to attempt to do business and ignore advertising.

The Stevens House, at Clatsop, is now open, and Chief Dexter is there to do justice to those ...ho ... to put up at this new place of resort.

The young man mentioned in yesterday's OREGONIAN as having attempted suicide at one of the fisheries is not a son of Mr. Lewis Gill of this city.

Samuel W. Piercy, a member of Waldron's company while they performed in this city last season, appeared as Jacob McCloskey, in the octoroon, at the California Theater on the 20th inst.

If the accommodating clerk of the weather wishes to subserve the agricultural interests of the country he will send no more rain at present. The farmers and fruit-growers state that there has been sufficient rain before harvest.

The lately arrived Chinamen went through the customary ceremonies of firing off crackers and other performances on the *Garibaldi* yesterday. It was their last visit to that vessel, and the ceremony was a final tribute to the vessel that brought them safely to their destination.

POSTAL REGULATIONS.

The following brief postal items should be preserved:

CHANGES AFTER JUNE 30, 1873.

1. Franking privilege abolished.
2. Postmasters supplied with official stamps.
3. Official stamps must not be used except for official business.
4. Stamp of one depart...ent cannot be used for cor...espondence of another.
5. No matter can pa... through the mails free.
6. Postage must be collected on newspapers published in the county where delivered.
7. Exchanges not f... Publishers must pay postage on ...ch exchange ...ceived.
8. P... ...l cards uncalled for are not sent to the dead-letter office.
9. Postal cards cannot be sent a second time.
10. Ordinary cards can be transmitted through the mails by affixing one cent stamp, provided the entire ...wspaper is printed. The address may be written ...

POSTAGE.

Letters—Three cents for each half ounce or fraction thereof.

Drop Letters—Where delivered by carriers, two cents for each half ounce or fraction thereof. At other offices, one cent for each half ounce or fraction thereof.

Printed Matter—One cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof. Seeds, bulbs, cuttings, roots, scions, chromos and engravings are classed with printed matter.

Merchandize Two cents for each two ounces or fraction thereof, limited to twelve ounces. When any of the above matter is mailed wholly unpaid and by inadvertence reaches its destination double rates shall be charged and collected.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT—DEADY, J.

MONDAY, June 23, 1873.

John M. Selby vs South Portland Real Estate Association; hearing on demurrer to complaint; demurrer sustained; bill dismissed without prejudice.

Adjourned to Monday next.

CIRCUIT COURT—UPTON, J.

Ladd & Tilton vs. Semple and Patterson; judgment by default for want of answer.

Chas. Prior vs A. P. Dennison and H. F. Bloch; judgment by default for want of answer.

State vs Peter G. Koch; obtaining money under false pretenses; arraigned and plea of not guilty entered.

Levi Ankeny vs Multnomah county; judgment for plaintiff for $266 70 and costs.

J. M. Johns vs J. L. Hallett; verdict for defendant.

State vs Ah Lone; assault with intent to kill; plead...d not guilty.

J. S. Dickinson, juror, excused for the term. G. Shindler, juror, excused.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Read under "New To-Day" the advertisement of the Fourth of July celebration, announced to take place at St. Joe. From the extensive arrangements made, it promises to be one of the grandest affairs of the kind given in the State.

We refer our readers to the advertisement in another column of the Marsh Truss Co., of San Francisco, an institution that has gained considerable reputation by their many remarkable cures of RUPTURE. This Co. is a branch of the celebrated House of Marsh & Co., New York, which has a reputation of nearly forty years and are endorsed by the Medical Faculty wherever they have established branches. We commend this Company to our Ruptured friends, feeling assured they will receive the only legitimate cure for Hernia (Rupture). This Company does not use any worthless washes called "*curative compounds*" that has *never* cured Rupture, and are calculated to deceive. Their office is at 315 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

PROTECTIVE ALLIANCE.—The People's Anti Chinese Protective Alliance, No. 1, of Oregon, will meet at the Council Chamber in East Portland, Wednesday evening, June 25th, 1873. The public are respectfully requested to attend.

By order of the Executive Committee.

SPIRITUAL GROVE MEETING.—There will be a Spiritual Grove Meeting on the 12th and 13th of July near Parrott's Landing and Trestle No. 19 of the railroad. The meeting will be about two miles and a half below Canby Station.

At the Police Court in Victoria, on Monday, 16th, three of the prisoners arrested on suspicion of being concerned in the murder of the Dwyer family, were discharged. "Joe" was remanded for one week.

If you want pure, fine liquors of any kind, go to E. D. Tyne's, northwest corner of Oak and First streets, agent for the sale of Jesse Moore & Co.'s fine Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies of Louisville, Ky.

The public mind has been somewhat agitated with the Modoc war, an occasional marine or railway disaster, and the dull times, and the prospect of buying clothing at a figure not large enough to clean a man to the bedrock. The place has been found where you can buy men and boy's clothing, or gentlemen's furnishing goods, at the very lowest prices. It is at Beck & Waldman's, corner of Front and Washington street, where a full assortment of men and boys' clothing, in the latest styles, can be selected from.

Don't go about with shabby clothes while an opportunity is afforded you to obtain wearing apparel at cheap a...d unheard of prices. You miss a splendid chance to get a suit of clothing cheap when you fail to call on J. Kohn & Co., 91 Front street, where the counters are crowded with the very latest styles. Twenty dollars will buy a fine outfit there.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

The Board of Trustees of East Portland met last evening at the usual hour.

Members present—Garrigus, Hawthorne, Stephens, Shattuck and VanCleave. Absent—McMillan.

Minutes of the last meeting read and approved.

REPORTS.

The City Marshal submitted a report of the list of delinquent taxes. Report was laid on the table.

CLAIMS.

The following claims against the city were audited, and warrants ordered drawn in favor of the same:

Green & Sheldon, $12 50; J. K. Gill & Co., $2 50; Bellinger & Curry, $13 50; *Bulletin* Co., $8 50; A. J. Hoyt, $8 00; David Rafety & Bros., $1 00; A. McCullem, $4 50; N. Clinton, $7 00; W. Jones, $4 50; W. S. Gorden, $6 00; OREGONIAN, $8 50; Extra Policemen for the day of Election, $10 00; for Judges and Clerks of the City Election, $20 00.

Mr. VanCleave moved that the claims of the OREGONIAN and *News* be laid on the table for the present. There appeared to be quite a difference in the rates charged by the two journals. The bill of the OREGONIAN was $8 50, and that of the *News* was $13 50. He was not in favor of paying $5 more to one journal than another. His motion prevailed and the claims were laid on the table.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mr. VanCleave stated that the time for the collection of the road-tax by the Street Commissioner had expired. Unless the time was extended, that officer would be compelled to make his returns and present the delinquent list, and then proceed to the collection of the same by execution or otherwise. He moved that the entire matter be referred to the Committee on Streets and Public Property, who would be empowered to collect the same. The motion prevailed and the matter was so referred.

On motion it was resolved that when the Board adjourned it should meet again on Wednesday evening next.

The Board then adjourned.

Newspaper Responsibility.

An exchange thus discusses the subject of the responsibility of newspapers in connection with the publication of matters affecting the character of individuals:

Reckless and malicious slander should never be tolerated, nor, on the other hand, should a newspaper be afraid to speak plainly when occasion requires. Newspapers in these days are not merely disseminators of news—they should be guardians of public morals and conservators of public rights. These latter functions are quite as important as the former. The faithful performance of these duties necessitates allusions to persons in cases that legitimately arise for criticism. But there can be no question that newspapers should strictly refrain from invading the sanctity of private life, unless when a clear public necessity requires it, and to fail to do this duty when required is weakness. When a journal falls short in this direction, it soon comes to be regarded as a nondescript, and generally has little decided character and less influence. On the other hand, violent and indiscriminate abuse usually reacts on the journal using it, and reduces it to the same low level. When the *motive* which prompts the course of a paper is just and good, it will rarely be found to transgress; the reasons will be obvious, and will generally be found to consist in a misapprehension of facts which, when pointed out, will be promptly and cheerfully corrected by any right-minded journalist. Where the motive is pure and right, the journal that is withal independent and outspoken will command influence and respect. Where the motives are venal, their true character will soon become known. After all, the *tone* of a newspaper generally carries with it confidence and influence, or suspicion and feebleness.

CLERICAL FUN.—In the newly published volume of Monographs by Lord Houghton, there is, in one of Sidney Smith, the following story of his clerical fun in Yorkshire:

He willingly assisted his neighbors in their clerical duties, and an anecdote of one of these occasions is still current in the district, for the authenticity of which I will not vouch, but which seems to be good enough to be true. He dined with the incumbent on the preceding Saturday, and the evening passed in great hilarity, the 'squire, by name Kershaw, being conspicuous for his loud enjoyment of the stranger's jokes.

"I am very glad that I have amused you," said Sidney Smith at parting, "but you must not laugh at my sermon to-morrow."

"I should hope I know the difference between here and at church," remarked the gentlemen with some sharpness.

"I am not so sure of that," replied the visitor.

"I'll bet you a guinea on it," said the 'squire.

"Take you," said the divine.

The preacher ascended the steps of the pulpit apparently suffering from a severe cold, with his handkerchief to his face, and at once sneezed out the name "Ker-shaw" in various intonations. This ingenious assumption of the readiness with which a man would recognize his own name in sounds imperceptible to the ears of others proved accurate.

The poor gentlemen burst into a guffaw, to the scandal of the congregation, and the minister, after looking at him with a stern reproach, proceeded with his discourse and won the bet.

A LETTER OF HORACE GREELEY.—The New York *Tribune* prints the following letter, written in April, 1865, by Horace Greeley, and addressed to Mrs. R. M. Whipple:

My Friend:—I have your letter. We must put down the rebellion; we must make an end of slavery; for the good of the whole human race requires both of these; but do not let us seem to do in wrath what is dictated by love. We may have to kill more of the Southern savages, including their chiefs, but let us not drink their blood and imbitter therefrom their spirit. I say in all truth, that I would gladly let them all go unpunished (by war) to-morrow, if they would but give up slavery, stop the rebellion, come back and behave themselves. And I am not very good at that. If I were better I should probably be willing (as I once was) to pay them something for their slaves, now I think they have taken their pay in rebellion, and must be satisfied with that. O, my friend! remember "Father forgive them," we might be as they are had we been nursed on the tiger's milk of slavery. Now let us be satisfied with the inevitable woes of this terrible war.

Yours,
HORACE GREELEY.

A largely attended Territorial Convention, held at Denver, last Wednesday, adopted a resolution recommending the States of California and Nevada, and the Territories of Arizona, New Mexico, Idaho, Utah, Wyoming and Colorado, to send delegates to a convention to meet in San Francisco, in September, 1873, to consider the subject of irrigation for the lands of the West.

"I say, Tom, that is a nobby suit you have on. I declare I've been trying to get something that will fit me to a dot, and that I can depend on to wear well. Where did you buy them?" "I was passing along First street, last week, and as I turned the corner of Washington street I noticed some fine cloths and furnishing goods. The attraction was so great that I stepped inside, and after selecting the materials, I ordered what may be termed an elegant fitting suit. The place is Pichel & Roberts'."

If *John Allen's Anodyne Liniment* is half as valuable as people say it is, no family should be without it. Certainly no person, be he lawyer, doctor, minister or of any other profession should start on a journey without it. No sailor, fisherman or woodsman should be without it; in fact, it is needed wherever there is an ache, sprain, cut, bruise, cough or cold.

Farmers and Horse Men ... ...ntinually in ... ... what we know of the utility of *Dr. Tobias' Venetian Horse ... Powders*, and to justify ... ... through the columns of the OREGONIAN, that we have heard from ... ... dealers who have used them with ... ... towards their ... our experience.

BEWARE OF TOOTH POWDERS ... ... after the name of Dentifrice. All put and advertised ... ... preparation for the teeth, and hardens the gums. ... fragrant ... MONT. Its effects on decaying teeth are marvelous.

CHAMBERLAIN'S FLESH MEAT CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

And all Bronchial and Pulmonary affections, recently prepared from the formula of Prof. Tronsseau, of Paris, who used it with such astonishing efficacy in the hospital of that city, as to attract the attention of the faculty to its wonderful merits.

It is now used here with like great efficacy, giving new life to many hopeless cases, relieving all.

Sold at $1 00 per Bottle or Six for $5 00.

JOHN NEWMAN & CO., Druggists, San Francisco, Agents for Pacific Coast.

OREGON.

The *Baker City Democrat* has a new German text head, which looks very neat.

Six thousand dollars will be required to make good the loss of logs at Eugene by the last week's high water.

A resident of Eastern Oregon, when speaking of "that noble bird," is not to be understood as referring to the American eagle, but to the sage hen.

On last Saturday, a Chinaman on his way to Sparta or Gem city, was taken sick, and before he could be taken back to Baker City, breathed his last.

Alex La Buff has a match race on Buckskin, against a California filly, to be run on the Baker City race course, on the 5th of July, for $800 a side.

A gentleman writing from Alsea valley says, he has a field of wheat in which the grain lies as flat upon the ground as it would if rolled with a heavy roller.

The "gold boulder" found on the claim of George W. Lake, on Burnt river, of which mention has before been made, is valued at $1,000 or $1,200.

Walter Fernald, of Rye Valley, Baker county, has received his patent from the United States for his Placer Mining claim in Rye valley, containing some eighteen acres.

The Albany *Democrat* says: "We have information that a very large number of immigrants from Iowa may be expected to arrive in Oregon during the coming summer."

A letter received from Major M. P. Berry, dated at La Grande, says that he does not anticipate any trouble with the settlers of the Wallowa valley. The Commission will most likely get through with the business of appraising their improvements in the course of two or three weeks.

A letter from Umatilla county says: "There was more than double the amount of grain sown this year than any former year since the settlement of this part of the State, and the green fields, with their beautiful waving grain, is a sight which is indeed a beautiful sight to behold."

Last week a man by the name of Wm. Bradley was killed by a bank caving in while he was at work in Rye valley, Baker county. It is not known whether or where deceased has any relatives living. Informant believes that he had formerly lived in Salem, Oregon. Deceased was about forty five years of age and a very temperate man.

A letter from Weston, in the *Democrat*, says: "People have been complaining this spring of hard times and scarcity of money, but of late there has been quite a large lot of cattle bought up in this county, which has had the effect of putting money in circulation among farmers and stock raisers; and it is thought by the time the present wool clip is sold, the county will be all right again, financially."

The *Spirit* says: "In Pendleton financial and business matters are at present in a good condition. There is some talk to the effect that the Umatilla Indians are dissatisfied with their reservation, and would much prefer part of them to go into the Wallowa valley and part into the Yakima region. Should this fine reservation be abandoned, a vast quantity of most excellent land would be thrown open to settlers. A Mr. Biles is to soon erect and put in active operation a flouring mill at Pendleton, the citizens having raised a bonus of from one thousand to fifteen hundred dollars. Pack trains and freight trains are daily passing through the town loaded with freight for the mining country. A party numbering eight or ten of the best citizens of the place is now out prospecting for a gold mine accidentally ran across by one of their number some years ago, but which various reasons have prevented from being revisited. The party is sanguine of success."

THE LATE MINISTER TO RUSSIA AND HIS SUCCESSOR.—Poor Orr was a pretty lonely stranger at St. Petersburg. He could speak no tongue but the English, and the first secretary of the legation, Schuyler, seems to have gone off to Khiva on a tiff, being disappointed, it is said, by the feeble recognition of his diplomatic usefulness at Washington. A *Tribune* correspondent says great stress on the folly of sending to this punctilious court a Minister who could speak neither Russian nor French. While we could not limit our foreign appointments strictly to the polyglot crops of public men, the ability to talk in the vernacular of his post, is certainly a desirable qualification in a representative to a foreign country. Governor Jewell, Mr. Orr's successor, will have at his command the linguistic accomplishments of his wife and daughters, and, in addition, as he informs his friends with his usual bluff heartiness, has formed the determination to talk French before he gets to St. Petersburg, "or bust." His pluck reminds us of the assiduity with which John Adams, on the occasion of his first mission to Paris, studied and jabbered in the daytime and visited the theatre in the evening, till, in six weeks, he could conduct a conversation with Count de Vergennes.—*Springfield Republican*.

The inauguration of the grounds of the American National Rifle Association at Creedmoor, Long Island, took place on Saturday last. The range covers an extent of over one hundred acres and is for the use of the National Guard of New York. It is fitted up with 10 targets, and the firing matches will include shooting up to one thousand yards distance. Governor Dix fired the first shot. Creedmoor Range was fitted up at an expense of over $20,000, an appropriation for that purpose having been made by the New York Legislature. Next fall the grand march of the National Rifle Association will be held, when every militia regiment in each State will be invited to send a shooting team to represent it in the contest.

The Presbytery of Oregon and Washington will convene at Olympia next Thursday.

NEW SEGAR AND ORIOM...

MASONIC TEMPLE. ... THIRD STREET,
Next door to the Post Office

SEGARS, TOBACCO, SNUFF, STATIONERY,
POSTAGE STAMPS, ENVELOPES, etc.
DANL B. FOSTER

STEAM, SULPHUR, VAPOR BATH

For the cure of COUGHS, COLDS, RHEUMATISM and MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS. The attention of sufferers from Colds is directed to these Baths, as one or two will remove the severest Cold. Also,

Warm, Cold and Shower Baths.
Steam or Vapor Baths, $1 00. Warm baths, 50 cents.
LUDWIG WILHELM, Proprietor,
Wiegand's Old Stand,
Washington street, near Front.

ARE YOU LAME?

With Rheumatism, Gout, Stiff Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Partial Paralysis or Lame Back? Are you afflicted with Neuralgia, Nervous Headache, Toothache, Earache, Sore Throat, Colic, Cramps, Pleurisy, Pain in the Breast or Sides, or any internal or external aches or pains? If so, use the never failing family remedy, PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL. Price, small, fifty cents; large, one dollar. For sale by all druggists.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD!

Cure Scrofulous Eruptions, Skin Diseases, heal old Sores, regulate your Bowels, Diaphragm, Liver, cure Fever and Ague, Constipation, Piles and Dyspepsia, with the great Vegetable Blood Purifier and Liver Regulator, PRATT'S NEW LIFE PILLS. For sale by all druggists.

A. BOLTE & CO., Druggists and Chemists,
... Front ... San Francisco, Sole Proprietors.

Harmony Lodge, No 12, A. F. & A. M.—Regular Communication on the Second and Fourth Monday evenings of each month. By order of the W. M.

Hassalo Lodge No. 18, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 7 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Samaritan Lodge No. 8, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

GENERAL NOTES.

The coal fields of China cover an area of 400,000 square miles.

Bayard Taylor is the New York *Tribune* correspondent at Vienna.

"It hath an ancient and fish-like smell."—Codfish aristocracy and Credit Mobilier.

It is suggested that Poe's bird must have had the delirium tremens, as he was a raven on a bust.

"Is she not passing fair?" Doubtless the lady engaged in passing the hat round at church socables.

"He draweth out the thread of his verbosity finer than the staple of his argument."—The "heavy" editor.

The *Key West* is the first boat that has succeeded in traversing the entire distance of the Yellowstone river, from its mouth to the junction with Powder river.

A temperance circular from Indiana says: "Our country is swimming in a sea of rum," while "mighty waves of beer and whisky are rocking it from center to circumference."

A mechanic in Philadelphia proposes to build steamships of one solid piece of iron or steel, without seam or joint. This he accomplishes by welding the plates and frame, instead of using bolts and rivets.

The *World* man, who only exists through the leniency of the fool-killer, says: "The suburban residents of Indianapolis are divided between a base-ball mine and qui-nine. You mustn't say anything about chills there, though, or they'll be apt to egg you."

During his visit to America, Anton Rubinstein has given 215 concerts, and in each and all of them he has studiously avoided every form of composition that does not rightfully belong to the domain of high and pure art, and it is worth knowing that the people of the United States have paid to hear this kind of music about $350,000.

The Canadian papers lament the exodus of French Canadians, especially the young men, to the United States for permanent settlement. One paper goes so far as to affirm that in one day, from the Lower River du-Loup to Levis, 1,200 persons had departed for the United States, and that they were joined at the railway station by 600 others, who came by the first schooner, and who took the same direction.

A DOG STORY OF THE OLD FASHIONED KIND.—A few days since, Mrs. Joshua Hewitt, living near Pennsgrove, left her little boy, about three years old, in the yard, where he was amusing himself with a dog. Some time after she heard the dog creating a great disturbance below, barking and scratching at the door leading to the stairway, and making other demonstrations of distress. Apprehending that something was wrong, she ran down stairs and opened the door. With almost human sagacity the dog gave a bark of delight, and ran to an open well in the yard. The frightened mother ran to the well, which was fortunately filled nearly to the top with water, and discovered her child in time to snatch him from the waters just as he was sinking beneath the surface. When rescued the child was insensible, but restoratives being applied, consciousness returned. The dog meanwhile manifested its joy by capering about the room, jumping upon the couch where the infant was lying, and licking the face and form of the unconscious little one, which its sagacity had saved.

COWDEN'S TARAXACUM PILLS.

The most reliable and purest Cathartic Pill extant, Operating without Nausea or Distress.

These pills represent the active medicinal principles of the Taraxacum or Dandelion Mandrake and Rhubarb, the combination so renowned both in this country and Europe for its specific action on the Liver, Spleen and Bowels, invigorating their tone and toning them up to a normal condition.

Only one Small Pill a Dose.

Twenty-five Cents per Box. Sent by Mail.

JOHN NEWMAN & CO., Druggists, San Francisco, Agents for Pacific Coast.

To Let.

To Rent,

HOUSE AND FURNITURE. NO. 3, SEMPLE'S Block, Washington street. jel0dtf

For Rent,

GOOD ROOMS AND OFFICES IN DEKUM'S BRICK building. Inquire of
DEKUM & BIOKEL,
No. 58 First street, between Stark and Oak.

Board and Lodging.

FOR A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, OR two Single Gentlemen can be obtained in a Private family. The rooms are in the Second Story. One room 13x17, and one 10x12. Location, one of the pleasantest in the city, on East Park, south of Main Street. Rooms let without board if desired. Address,
F. P. O. Box 241.
Portland, May 22, 1873. m22dtf

For Rent,

A BRICK STORE ROOM 25x100 FEET; also OFFICES in Second Story of Brick Building. Apply at THIS OFFICE.

Furnished Rooms
To Rent,
S. E. COR. WASHINGTON AND FIFTH STS.
CLEANEST IN TOWN.

For Sale.

Mill Property for Sale.

THE STEAM SAW-MILL ON THE MACADAMized Road, one mile south of Portland, with TERRE ACRES OF LAND fronting on the Willamette river, will be sold at a very low figure and upon easy terms. Enquire of
E. J. NORTHRUP,
Jeddim of Northrup & Thompson.

Hotel for Sale.

THE FURNITURE, FIXTURES AND GOOD-WILL of a Hotel, located in the city, for sale low for CASH, or will exchange the same for city property. Inquire of PARRISH, WATKINS & CORBETT.

For Sale or Rent.

IMMIGRANTS AND OTHERS IN WANT OF CHEAP lands should call on me before buying. I can accommodate them with large or small tracts, improved or otherwise in this and adjoining counties. Terms easy. Two NEAT COTTAGES, conveniently located to business, and several SMALL FARMS, for rent. Office, 143 Front street. P. A. MARQUAM.

STARR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

COUGHS HOARSENESS, INFLUENZA,

Sore Throat, Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Asthma, Bleeding of the Lungs, and every affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, are speedily and permanently cured by the use of

DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

This well known preparation does not dry up a cough and leave the cause behind, as is the case with most medicines, but it loosens and cleanses the lungs and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of the complaint.

Consumption Can be Cured

by a timely resort to this standard remedy, as is proved by hundreds of testimonials received by the proprietors. None genuine unless signed I. BUTTS, SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Proprietors, Boston. Sold by REDINGTON, HOSTETTER & CO., San Francisco, and by dealers generally. m23d3mwaw

MONEY CANNOT BUY IT! FOR SIGHT IS PRICELESS!

THE DIAMOND SPECTACLES

WILL PRESERVE IT!

IF YOU VALUE YOUR EYESIGHT USE THESE

PERFECT LENSES,

GROUND FROM MINUTE CRYSTAL PEBBLES, Melted together, and derive their name "Diamond" on account of their HARDNESS and BRILLIANCY. They will last many years without change, and are warranted superior to all others in use. Manufactured by the

SPENCER OPTICAL MANUFACTURING CO.,
NEW YORK

Truthful James to the Editor.

(YREKA, 1873.)

Which it is not my style
To produce needless pain
By statements that is
Or that go 'gin the grain
But here's Captain Jack still a livin', and Nye has no
right on the land

On that Canadian head
There is no crown of hair.
It is gone, it has fled
And Echoes, "where?"
And I asks, "Is the Nation's White Man's, and is gen-
erally things on the square

She was known in the camp
As "Nye's other squaw,"
And folks of that stamp
Hez no rights in the Law,
But is treacherous, sinful and slimy, as Nye might have
well known before.

But are said that she knew
Where the Injuns was hid,
And the statement was true,
For it seemed that she did;
Since she led William where he was covered by Seven-
teen Modocs, and—hid

Then they reached for his hair,
But Nye set "By the Law
Of Nations, I swear!
I surrenders—no more;
And I looks to be treat'd, you hear me?—as a pris'ner,
a pris'ner of war."

But Captain Jack rose
And he see—it's a two thin.
Such statements as those
It's too late to begin.
There's a *Modoc* requirement agin you, O Paleface, and
you're goin' in

You stole Scorchin's squaw
In the year 'sixty-two;
It was in 'sixty-four
That Long Jack you went through
And you bored Nasty Jim's rancheria and his wives,
and his pappooses too.

"This gun in my hand,
Was sold me by you
'Gainst the law of the land,
And I grieves it is true."
And he buried his face in his blanket and wept as he hid
it from view.

"But you're tried and condemned
And skelping's your doom";
And he paused and he hemmed—
But why this resume?
He was skelped 'gainst the custom of nations, and cut
off like a rose in its bloom.

So I asks without guile,
And I treats not in vain,
If this is the style
That is going to obtain—
If here's Captain Jack still a livin', and Nye with no
skelp on his brain?

—BRET HARTE in the New York *Tribune*.

A Vigorous Epistle.

SENATOR BROWNLOW TO THE REBEL GENERAL D. H. HILL.

SIR: An article of yours, which recently appeared in the Charlotte (N. C.) *Home*, of which you are editor, I find going the rounds of the newspapers, in which you make an attack upon the character of the late General Canby, and other deceased officers of the United States army. In this editorial you do me the honor to bitterly denounce me. I say honor, for I esteem it an honor for any man who has been loyal to his country to be black-guarded and villified by you. Were I so unfortunate as to be the recipient of your commendation, I should feel like exclaiming, as did Socrates when applauded by a bad man like yourself, "What crime have I committed?"

You exult over the death of the brave Canby, who was murdered by savages, and attribute his death, with that of Abraham Lincoln, Edward M. Stanton, George H. Thomas, Prof. Mahan of West Point, ex-Senator Preston King of New York, and the late Senator Lane of Kansas, to a retribution of God, because in the late civil war they opposed the effort to destroy the Government of the United States.

You say of General Canby that while he was in command at Richmond, Va., he "personally superintended the hanging of a white man up by the thumbs for kicking an insolent negro." Now this is your version of Canby's conduct, and the whole editorial you have written breathes so fiendish and brutal a spirit as to make you unworthy of credit.

Even if this, General Hill, the whole life of Gen. Canby gives the lie to your assertion that he did anything vulgar, inhuman, or unbecoming a high-toned soldier. Canby was a Christian gentleman as well as a model soldier. I am not prepared to deny that within Canby's department a white man was tied up by the thumbs. While he was commanding at Richmond—a State, under the Constitution of the United States as amended, which Canby was sworn to support, was entitled to all the rights and privileges of other citizens. As a West Pointer and an officer of the United States army before the war, you know that to tie a malefactor up by the thumbs was a common mode of punishment in the army, and Canby failed in his duty if he made distinction between criminals on account of race or color in meting out the pains and penalties required by good order and military discipline.

While as a matter of form and duty, as department commander, Canby would approve the verdict of a military court inflicting just and necessary punishment upon criminals violating the laws it was his duty to enforce, he was above being his own executioner. The management of the details he left to a man of brutal instincts, like yourself.

Now, General Hill, while you are falsely accusing General Canby of brutality, I propose to enlighten the public as to your military record. While in command in North Carolina, during the late war, twenty-six white men were tried on the charge of being loyal to the United States. No other offence was alleged against them. They were put on trial late in the afternoon, and, by the verdict of a drumhead court martial acting under your orders, all were hung until dead before breakfast the next morning, without benefit of clergy. Are you not a beautiful specimen to assail Canby on the score of brutality? I can think of nothing as supremely ridiculous, unless it would be for you and your friend Captain Jack to write a treatise on civilization for distribution among the Ku-Klux of North Carolina. Indeed, if I did not know that you were in North Carolina, I should infer from the brutality of your assault on Canby, Thomas, and others, that you were in the lava beds when it was written, and that the article was the joint production of yourself and Captain Jack.

Your assumption that the death of noble George H. Thomas by apoplexy, and the sudden deaths of Lincoln and other loyal men, are a retribution of the Almighty for the side they took in the late war, could be inspired only by the malignancy born of disappointed ambition, and the spirit which possessed the devil, the founder of Secession Democracy, of a preference to ruling in hell to serving in Heaven.

I am happy in the belief that many thousands of the honest masses in Tennessee, North Carolina, and elsewhere, who were misled and coerced into rebellion by just such men as you, General Hill, now repudiate your leadership and loathe your teachings.

If I were disposed to imitate you, I could give you a long list of men in civil and military life, supporting the rebellion, who have come to sudden and, in many cases, dishonorable deaths, but I prefer not to do so.

You rejoice over my paralysis as a punishment of God, because, as you say, I "cast my lot with the Abolitionists." I recognize the hand of God in my case, but I regard Him as interfering in my behalf. Probably not one man in a thousand would survive the exposure and hardships to which I was subjected while driven by rebel cavalry into the mountains and incarcerated in a rebel prison in mid-winter. While I am now in improving health, with a clear conscience, nearly all the men who were instrumental in my imprisonment, and who insulted me while in prison, are dead. Most of them died with *delirium tremens*, or in some other unnatural way. I would not parade their names before the world, as you would, for when God lays His hand on a man I take mine off, and I mention the fact in defending myself from your attack.

I have noticed that you and others, who have assailed Canby and Thomas since their death, never insinuated a charge reflecting upon their personal characters while they were living. To make accusations against a man after his death which you dared not make while he was living, would indicate to unprejudiced minds that you are a falsifier or a coward.

As to myself, I shall go on in the even tenor of my way, and, at the expiration of my term in the Senate two years hence, I expect to revive the Knoxville *Whig*, for the especial benefit of men of your stamp.

I am, &c., W. G. BROWNLOW.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., May 20, 1873.

Cheating United States Judges.

[From the N. Y. Independent.]

While we heartily approve of the act of Congress, at its last session, by which the salaries of the justices of the Supreme Court of the United States were increased, we as heartily condemn its omission to include in this increase judges of the District Courts, upon whom falls so large an amount of judicial business and responsibility. The salary of these judges now ranges, with two exceptions, from thirty-five hundred to four thousand dollars. Judge Blatchford, for example, upon whom is devolved the immense labor of the District Court in New York, receives but four thousand dollars, when he ought to be paid at least ten thousand. His salary will hardly pay his house rent, and if he had not ample private means, he would be compelled to resign his position from sheer necessity. Judge Benedict, of Brooklyn, receives the same shabby salary, and yet these two judges especially, owing to the location of their districts, are constantly adjudicating upon most important questions arising under our revenue, patent, admiralty, bankruptcy, postal, and criminal laws, as well as upon cases of every description occurring between citizens of different States. Their position demands legal abilities of the very first order. The sum of four thousand dollars, as the annual compensation for their services, is simply contemptible. Congress ought to be ashamed of such palpable injustice.

This injustice is not limited to New York and Brooklyn, but is extended through the whole country, falling with the most oppressive weight in those districts where the expense of living is the greatest. We notice that Judge Shipman, of the District Court of the United States for Connecticut (one of the ablest and most upright judges in the land, who recently tried the famous James case in this city) has resigned his position, and resumed the practice of law, because of the insufficiency of his salary. He can do better than to serve the Government for the paltry pay of thirty-five hundred dollars. The practice of the legal profession is vastly more remunerative to a lawyer whose abilities fit him to be a judge. Judge Shipman is cheap at a salary of ten thousand dollars, and the Government had better paid this sum than to lose his services.

As to the honor of the position, no high-minded and competent lawyer will aspire to it or accept it if this meagre and mean rate of compensation be continued. Good judges like Judges Shipman, Blatchford, Benedict and others—will retire from the bench of the Federal judiciary; and second and third-rate men, and even bad men, like Judge Durell, will take their places. This natural result of insufficient salaries is already beginning to appear. Within the last year three district judges of the United States, of comparatively recent appointment, required the attention of Congress, and one of them is under impeachment. When the office is degraded by improper incumbents, as it surely will be at the present rate of salaries, its honors will have very few attractions to men of suitable ability and good social standing. They will spurn that which the Government itself holds at so cheap a price. If the Government adheres to the thirty-five hundred and four thousand dollar standard of salaries, then it will ere long get just the article it pays for, and this certainly will not consist in anything like first-class men.

If the injustice of such compensation be not sufficient to correct the evil, then the bad policy of the meanness ought to lead to a prompt remedy. Let it be remembered that the Government itself is the greatest litigant in the District Courts of the United States. In all criminal suits, in the largest part of the revenue cases, in suits connected with import duties, in a great variety of claims, and, indeed, in all cases which involve the infliction of any species of penalty, the people themselves appear as the plaintiff, and their interests are in serious jeopardy if such issues are to be tried by incompetent or dishonest judges. Suits of these classes are numbered by the thousand every year, and any sensible man can see at a glance that a bad judge may, in a single case, cost the Government ten, twenty, perhaps fifty times the amount of his salary. Having such constant occasion to resort to its own courts, the Government cannot afford to trust its interests in the hands of a thirty-five-hundred-dollar judge. It cannot with such a salary continue to buy the grade of judicial talent and character which the public service demands. The increase in the cost of living will make it impossible to retain or secure the proper men at this rate, and when this becomes a fact, the business of the District Courts of the United States will be transacted by men unfit for the service.

The last Congress made some approach to justice in raising the salaries of the judges of the Supreme Court: but left uncorrected this cheap, penny-wise and pound-foolish policy toward district judges. It could vote seventy-five thousand dollars to its own members, and take out of the public treasury a million and a half of dollars of back pay; but it could not afford to pay the district judges a decent salary for their services. Public sentiment condemns the back-pay swindle, while it sternly demands such a reform as will give the country good judges and also give these judges good pay. The people have no desire to play the sponge game on any branch of the national judiciary. They are abundantly able and willing to pay suitable salaries. We hope that a sense of proper decency will lead the next Congress to correct the evil of which we complain. The district judges of the United States feel that they are meanly treated. They cannot but feel so.

An old Vermonter, now a resident of San Francisco, speaking of the loss of various kinds of fish destined for the waters of our State by the railroad accident at Elkhorn Creek, expresses the opinion that the loss of the yellow perch of Vermont cannot be viewed in the light of a calamity. He says: "I feel sure that all who hail from the shores of Lake Champlain will agree with me when I say that a more worthless fish never swam. Small, bony, tasteless, prickly as a porcupine, second as the locusts of Egypt, they will soon drive all other fish from their vicinity. Witness several beautiful ponds in Vermont, once filled with trout, now swarming with nothing but perch."

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

MONDAY EVENING, June 23, 1873.

Gold in New York to-day, 110¼.

Portland Legal Tender rates, 89½ buying; 90¼ selling.

Gold bars are quotable at 899 fine.

Wheat in Liverpool—Average California, 11s 10d@11s 11d; club, 12s 4d.

It is generally considered that the present season in the financial world is the easiest of the year, other circumstances being equal. Therefore, business men look upon it as nothing more than usual that manifest ease should prevail until the movement of the year's crop shall begin. It is feared that the tightening process will then begin anew and that rates for money will then go up to as high a figure as heretofore, and that the stringent state of the money market so severely felt last fall, winter and spring will be again the rule when the time comes to meet the demand for funds to move the grain crop of the country to the seaboard.

Our latest advices concerning financial affairs in Europe are quite favorable. The private cables from London and the Continent point to an early release of a large amount of the new gold coin now locked up in the Berlin Imperial Mint. The French Government had just paid $50,000,000 additional on the Franco-German indemnity, and the Bank of France has ample reserves in gold coin out of which to pay over $150,000,000 additional in July, August and September, to complete the whole indemnity. The British and American funds are firm in London, and other American stocks are quoted as on the advance.

Miscellaneous.

The inauguration of the gigantic enterprise of connecting the Atlantic and Pacific oceans by the Panama Canal is being again extensively written about. The success of the undertaking would be of immense benefit to the commerce of the Pacific coast. The canal would be twenty-eight miles long, and would cost $70,000,000.

The latest advices from Honolulu still are very flattering prospects of the sugar crop the present season. Account of low prices in San Francisco, shipments to Australia are fewer than heretofore.

A cargo of Coal from Coos Bay will be delivered here soon. The consumption by the various machine shops is lighter than last year, but the gas-works take heavier. San Francisco advices give a glutted market for foreign and domestic, with prices unsettled. The Seattle mines are not being worked for the present, owing to the low price of their production in California.

The coinage at the Philadelphia Mint for the month of May amounted to $2,101,558, of which $1,956,600 was in Gold, $240,000 in Silver, and $56,958 in fine coinage.

A London dispatch of the 20th inst. says: "The amount of bullion which has gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day is £225,000. The rate of discount on the month's bill in open market is 2½ per cent below bank rates."

Mr. R. G. Sneath, a former partner in the business house of Leveridge, Wadhams & Co., of this city, has been chosen one of the Managers of the Anglo California Bank, to begin business in San Francisco on the 1st of July.

During the last four months of the present year, there were exported, from Great Britain to the United States, 81,500 tons of Iron Rails as against 180,100 tons during the corresponding time in 1872—showing a falling off of much more than one-half.

Exports to the United Kingdom present but little variety, and a favorable turn for shippers. The San Francisco rates are 24 lbs and ruin 25/. Exporters are offering in California £4 for vessels for August and September. We are not advised of any vessels being taken by exporters here for arrival owing to the high price demanded by ship owners.

The most pressing want of the times, and one that will be pressed to a satisfactory issue, is cheap transportation. Its readiest facilities will probably be found in the improvement and utilization of water lines of transit, many of which have been inconsiderately neglected during the past ten years.

Home Produce Market.

The average business of the day in this line has been light, and is likely to be so for the out re week. Since our last review, however, prices have been generally well maintained. In wheat there will not be any further general movement before harvest, though buyers here are ready to take all offering at current rates, which are still firm at $1 50@$1 52 per cental. The question of tonnage, in a sufficient supply to carry our surplus, is one which evidently has not been fully provided for, and if we are to have even as many vessels as last year, the arrangements to secure them have not yet been made public.

Other grains than wheat are in fair and very good demand, if we except oats, which continue of dull sale both for local consumption and shipment.

Dairy products and bacon are without important change, the market being well supplied at our last quotations. Of the latter we find that the several brands of sugar-cured hams, put up in our State, are being taken by regular customers of the packers, and are generally held at an advance of 3@5 cents per lb above common country cured. The general average of Oregon butter for this spring has been rather better than last year, though many lots are still coming to hand of a very inferior quality and which could not be sold to use as butter in any market in the world.

The supply of eggs was perceptibly increased by Saturday's receipts and prices are again dull—15 cents per dozen. There is nothing new to report in the wool market; prices appear to be a little stronger and we hear of some lots which have been taken at 21 to 22 cents per pound. The determination of growers to hold on for better rates seems to be general, and it now seems likely that no extensive purchases will be made for some time, as buyers do not appear inclined to accede to the demands of holders under the present condition of the market abroad. The question of tonnage for this staple does not figure so largely in our interests as that for wheat, as our shipments are nearly all first made to San Francisco, and thence much of it overland to the East.

Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, June 23.—Flour—3,000 bbls went to Central America to-day. Extra jobbing at $5 25 a 5 75. Wheat—Shippers raise $1 65 as the utmost they can pay, with orders on hand and present rates of tonnage. Barley—From $1 10 to 1 30.

Barley—range, $1 75@1 90.

Hay—From $10 to 14 per ton.

Potatoes Nominal. Best will not probably bring over $1.

Dried Fruit—Apples, 60@75c for cooking, and $1@1 50 for eating; pears, $1@2 50; cherry pitms, $1 50@2 per box; apricots, 5c; peaches, 10c. cherries, 7@10c for for common, and 15@25c for choice; currants, 40@c, gooseberries, 7c8 for common and 15c for English; blackberries, 15@18c; raspberries, 19@12c; strawberries, 5@6.

Shipping.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, June 23:—Arrived—Forest Queen, Port Ludlow; Pacific, Coos Bay.

Sailed—Br ship Falawan, Liverpool; Alden Besse, Port Townsend.

Arrived—Pacific, Emma Augusta, H. L. Tiernan, Coos Bay; Lookout, Bellingham Bay; Ajax, Portland; Anna Mitchell, Hoquiam.

Sailed—Br ship Middlesex, Portland; Norway, Port Townsend.

General Merchandise.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Mowers: Buckeye, new model, $130; Buckeye, No. 2, $140; Buckeye, No. 1, $160; Buckeye Self-Raker, $200; Hand Raker, $175; Buckeye Dropper, $225; Clipper No. 2, 130: No. 3, 140, No. 4, 150: No. 5, 155; Syracuse Mowers, Nos. 1 and 2 135 and 135; Union 120; Dodge's Reaper, No. 1, 260; No. 2, 250; Excelsior Reaper and Mower, 230; McCormick's self-Raker, 200; Hand-Raker, 175. Harvesters: Marsh's, 249; Haines' Harvesters, 335 and 356. Threshers: Vibrator Thresher, 6-horse mounted power, complete, $675; 10-horse mounted power, complete, $925; Sweepmakes, $650 to $825, with or without chastened power. Pitt's Improved Buffalo, Nos. 1 to 5, $600 to 825; Horsepowers, $75 to 125. Wheeler's Endless Chain, 500 to 925. Wagons: Bain, 3-inch to 4-inch thimble skein, 150 to 160; Pacific do. 145 1. 175; Mitchell, with patent or square bounds and roller brake, 145 to $165.

BAGS AND BAGGING Quotable for grandard size, 19@20c as per quality and quantity; Flour Sacks, 11¼@ Bunup, per yard, 14@16c.

BOOTS AND SHOES Portland made French calf p.s, d, and t.s boots, $72@75; Portland made kip boots, $60; J. K. & Co. B. B. B. extra French calf p.s or t.s boots, $72@75; J. K. & Co. favorite heavy calf, plain or quilted, boots, $63; J. K. & Co Standard's, standing edge boots, $54; gents' B. calf Prince Albert's face stitch boots, $33; gent's B. calf Prince Edward's face stitch boots, $30; gent's cable sewed Oxford Ties, $30; gent's goat faced glove top Congress shoes, $34; men's Rundel's adjustable lace boots, $30; men's buckle plow shoes, full stock, $27. Inferior grades at much lower quotations. Boys' Prince Albert's face stitch boots, $25 50; boys' Prince Edward's face stitch boots, $24; boys' wax plow shoes, $19 50; youths' cable sewed Oxford ties, $18. Ladies' S. F. kid fox boots, $19@24; ladies' J. K. & Co. kid fox boots, $19@20; ladies' J. K. & Co plain lasting, $17@20; ladies' Portland made calf boots, $24@ 27; ladies' buff pegged bals, $16 50. Miss and children's proportionately less.

BUILDING MATERIAL—Local demand dull at prices ranging, for rough lumber, $12@14; dr. ed, $22@26; flooring, $—@26; lath, $3 per M; shingles, $2 50; Eastern hardwood, 17@20c per foot.

BROOMS—Common, $4@5 ₰ dozen; extra, $5 50@7.

CANNED GOODS Oysters $3 50@4; Jams and Jellies $1 50; Los Angeles Honey, $4 50; Strawberries, $4 50; Raspberries, $4 75; Blackberries $4 50; Pine Apple, $3 50; Green Gages, $3 75@4; Peaches, $4 25@4 50; Pie Fruit, $3@3 50; Green Peas, $3 50; Green Beans, $3 50; Lobsters, $3 50@3 75; Clams, $4; Green Corn, $3@3 25; Tomatoes, $3 25.

CANDLES—We quote market firm at 17@22c, full weight; light weight 16c.

CEMENT, &c.—New Jersey, $6; Astoria, $4 50; Calcined Plaster, $5; Land Plaster, $2 50; Santa Cruz Lime, $2 75; San Juan Lime, $2 75.

COFFEE—Market well sustained at the following Jobbing prices: Costa Rica 21¼@22; Guatemala, 21¾@22; Rio and Manila, 21¼@22; Java, 28@29c. J. F. Jones & Co.'s Ground Java, 29c; Chartres, 27c; Phœnix Premium, 27@28c.

DRUGS—Quotations in jobbing lots for Alum, bbls, 6c; Borax, 26@27; Blue Vitrol, 12½@13c; Potash Granite, 1 Bean, in dor, $2 25; Resin, ₰ bbl, $12@15; Saltpetre, kegs, 18@20c; Sulphur, 5@6.

DRY GOODS Standard drills, 15@16c; sheetings, 13c; Sheetings, light, 11½c; medium, 12½c; standard, 14@ 15½c; horse lining, 9½c; bleached sheeting, 9¾@10½c; do, ¾, 18½c; 4-4, 12½@25c Cotton checks, 16@30c; linen checks, 19@25c; canvikes, 10c. Cotton flannel, bleached, 16@18c; do, brown, 12½@18c., Cottonades, light, 30c; do, heavy, 45@65c. Denims, 12@20c. Hickory stripes, 14½@20c, Standard prints, 11c, seconds, 9c. Delaines, 18@20c. Linseys, 20@30c. Ticks, 14½@30c do, 4-4, 20@35c. Bear duck, 24c. Table linen diaper, brown, 37½@50c; damask bleached, 50@81. Diaper linen, 50@87½c. Sheetings, 36@40c. Denims, black, 40@75c. Waterproof, 31 inch 25. Crash 10@15c. Ginghams—Domestic, 16@20c; Scotch, 22@30c. Lawns, 18@27 Percales, 25@30.

FRUITS (dried) AND PRESERVES—Apples, 5½@6c, packed, 7@7½c. Peaches, 12½@13c; Hungarian Prunes, 14c. Prunes, quinces, 18@20c; Raisins, new, quinces, $4 50; 5 do, $5 50; quarter $6; eighth boxes, $1; Zante Currants, 14c. Oregon do, 10@12c; Citron, 55@60c.

FISH — Cod, Pacific, 10c; Eastern, 11c; Mackerel, No. 1, ½ bbl, $14 75, do No 2 $13 50; do kits No. 1, $3 60; do No 2, $2 75; Salmon, pickled, extra, 1 lb cans, $3 00 per doz; 1-lb, $2 25. ardines, qrs, $5, bls, $4 50 to 4 75.

LIQUORS—Our market jobbing prices, in quotable for Bourbon whiskies $2 25@3 5; Rye do $2 50@3; Domestic do $1 50@2. Brandy—French brands $4@12, California brandy $3@6. California wheat whisky $1 37½ and the advance. Gin—Holland, $3 50@6; Old Tom, $2@3 50; Rum—Penn, $3 50@5; Santa Cruz, $3 50@4 50. New England, $2@2 40, Jamaica, $4@6.

METALS—Quotable at $1 15@1 20 ₰ gal.

YEAST POWDERS—Preston & Merrill, $2 60@2 80; Rumford's, $22 50@2; Jones' $22 50@24; Donnelly's, $22 50@2—.

Retail Family Market.

The following are the prices at which the principal articles of consumption are held by our Retail Dealers:

GREEN FRUITS.	₰ lb.
Oranges, per doz.	1 00
Limes, per doz.	50
Cocoanuts, each	25
Cala Grapes, ₰ lb	none
Cranberries, ₰ gal	75c. 90
Lemons, per doz.	75c. 1 00
Peaches, ₰ lb	
Apples, ₰ box	none.
Plums, ₰ lb	

DRIED FRUIT.	₰ lb.
Figs, Cal.	16@20
Figs, Asia Min, new	35@40
Figs, " old	20@25
Apples	10
Plums, prunes	20@25
Prunes, A French	20@25
Pears	8@10
Bananas, ₰ doz	$1.00

GROCERIES.	₰ lb.
Coffee, ground	30@37
do green C. R.	22½@25
do " Rio	none
do " Java	30@33
do Mocha	50@60
Sugar, crushed	14@15
do pulverized	14@16
do granulated	14@16
do Yellow	14
do Island No. 1	13@14
do " No. 2	9@10
do " extra	12½
Milk, condensed	25
Candles, adamantine	20@28
do Paraffine	33@37
do Sperm	62
Oil, Kerosene ₰ gal	75
Syrup, Golden, ₰ gal	75
Tea	₰ lb.
Gunpowder	$1 25@1 50
Imperial	1 25@1 50
Young Hyson	1 10@1 50
Hyson	1 00@1 25
Eng. Breakfast	90@1 25
Japan	55@1 00

PROVISIONS, ETC.	₰ lb.
Butter—	
Fancy Dairy	30@35
Good	20@25
Ordinary	16@18
Cooking	12@15
Cheese, California	20
do Eastern	25
do Oregon	20
Hams, country	18
do city	18@20
do Sugar-cured	18@20
Shoulders	10@12
Bacon, Clear Sides	12½@14
do Breakfast	16@18
Lard	
Pure Leaf, in tins	14@17½
Good, in tins	14
In bulk	13
Honey, Yellow Comb	25
do White	37
Eggs, per doz	16@20

VEGETABLES—	₰ lb.
Flour—	₰ bbl.
Fancy brands	1 38
Choice	1 25
Common	1 at 12½
Graham, extra	1 50
Corn meal, Cal	4@6
do Oregon	4@6

POULTRY.	₰ pair.
Hens, grown	$1 00@1 25
Roosters, "	1 25
Spring chickens	1 00
Ducks, tame	1 50
Geese, "	2 00
Turkeys	5 00

CANNED GOODS.	₰ doz.
Oysters, 2-lb cans	4 50@5 00
do 1-lb cans	3 00@3 50
Lobsters, 2-lb cans	3 00
do 1-lb cans	2 50@3 00
Sardines, qr-tins	3 50@4 00
do half-tins	5 00@6 00
Clams	4 00@5 00
Green corn, 2-lb cans	2 50@3 00
" Peas, 2-lb cans	4 00@4 50
" Beans, 2-lb cans	3 50@4 00
Tomatoes, 2-lb cans	3 00@4 00
Peaches, 2½-lb cans	4 00@4 50
Pine apples, 2-lb cans	4 50@5 00
Strawberries, "	4 50@5 00
Blackberries, "	4 00@5 00
Apricots, 2-lb cans	3 50@4 50
Jellies, in tins	5 00@6 00
Jams, in tins	4 00@6 00
Mushrooms, ₰ doz	6 50

SAUCES, ETC.	₰ pts.	₰ qts.
Worcester Sauce	5 00	9 00
Catsup, Tomato	2 50	3 00
do Mushroom	4 00	6 00
Capers	4 50	6 00
Curry Powder	5 50	8 00
Mustard, French	2 75	3 25
do Cal	2 50	3 00
Pickles, English	pts 6	10
"	qts 9	00

NUTS.	₰ lb.
Almonds	35@50
Walnuts	30@
Brazil	20@
Filberts	20@25
Peanuts	15@20
Pecan	25@30
Chestnuts	037
Hickory	12½

FRUIT.	₰ pair.
Ducks	62½@75
Geese	1 00
Swan	2 00
Grouse	75
Pheasants	62
Venison, ₰ lb	

FISH.	₰ lb.
Eastern Cod	12
Pacific Cod	8@12
Sturgeon	10
Salmon	8@12
Domiciled Cod	20
Mackerel, ₰ kit	2 50@3 50
Fresh oysters ₰ 100	75

VEGETABLES.	₰ lb.
Squash (Cala)	3
Beets	3
Onions	3
Carrots	3
Turnips	3
Garlic	10
Celery, ₰ doz	2 00
Cabbage, Cal ₰ lb	3
Cauliflower ₰ doz	2 00@3 00
Potatoes, new	3
Asparagus	10
Lettuce, per doz	50@75

MEATS.	₰ lb.
Beef	8@10
do choice cuts	10@12½
Mutton	8@12½
do choice cuts	
Veal	10@12½
Pork	10@12½
do choice cuts	

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